By Diana ben-Aaron

MIT graduates received many more job offers than last year, but starting salaries have increased little since last year, according to Director of Career Planning and Placement Robert W. Weatherall. "The companies warned us that they could offer more students if they offered lower salaries," Weatherall said.

Of the 43 companies and 50 government agencies recruited at MIT this year, 26 were electronics firms showing the largest growth, Weatherall said. "The CIA also came back in a big way this year. They staged a presentation for a large audience of students, almost all field," he added.

"Last year was notoriously hard for the chemical engineers, but the bad days are here behind them now," Weatherall noted. MIT S.B. graduates in chemical engineering received 55 offers this year, up from eight last year, according to the placement office reports. Weatherall attributed this trend to growth in chemical and semiconductor firms' needs for chemical engineers. "The oil companies still aren't hiring," he said.

Because of the oil companies, this was a "slow year for geology," according to Weatherall. Civil engineering offers were also down, he said, noting that geologists no longer hire great numbers of environmental and hydrologic specialists. "Contruction is slow too, although it doesn't seem that way if you look at the Boston skyline," Weatherall commented. Only 13 offers bachelor's graduates in civil engineering were reported.

The largest growth was in electrical engineering, with 144 offers reported by S.B. candidates, up from 57 last year. Computer science bachelor's graduates received 67 offers compared to 27 last year, while semiconductor engineers reported 100 job offers, compared to 42 last year.

In the School of Science, S.B. graduates received 117 offers, and physics graduates received 18 offers. "There were few offers, but few students were looking," Weatherall added. "We wish students would realize that they can be science majors, especially in math and physics, and get the same jobs Course 6 is getting for them," Weatherall observed. "Of course, they can also go to graduate school and become the next Schrodinger and Heisenberg," he added.

Consulting groups and financial firms showed more interest than ever in science majors, Weatherall said. "Students with self-confidence are doing very well looking for jobs on Wall Street. If they have the personal skills, it almost doesn't matter what major they come from," he noted.

Companies are still calling the placement office to look for students, Weatherall said. "It's been a very active year, and it's not over yet," he commenced.

### Median annual salaries offered to S.B. graduates entering industry, 1983-84

- $30,000
- $29,000
- $28,000
- $27,000
- $26,000
- $25,000
- $24,000
- $23,000

Data provided by MIT Office of Career Services and Professional Services.

#### Placement offers to graduates up

MIT graduates received many more job offers than last year, but starting salaries have increased little since last year, according to Director of Career Planning and Placement Robert W. Weatherall. "The companies warned us that they could offer more students if they offered lower salaries," Weatherall said.

Of the 43 companies and 50 government agencies recruited at MIT this year, 26 were electronics firms showing the largest growth, Weatherall said. "The CIA also came back in a big way this year. They staged a presentation for a large audience of students, almost all field," he added.

"Last year was notoriously hard for the chemical engineers, but the bad days are here behind them now," Weatherall noted. MIT S.B. graduates in chemical engineering received 55 offers this year, up from eight last year, according to the placement office reports. Weatherall attributed this trend to growth in chemical and semiconductor firms' needs for chemical engineers. "The oil companies still aren't hiring," he said.

Because of the oil companies, this was a "slow year for geology," according to Weatherall. Civil engineering offers were also down, he said, noting that geologists no longer hire great numbers of environmental and hydrologic specialists. "Contruction is slow too, although it doesn't seem that way if you look at the Boston skyline," Weatherall commented. Only 13 offers bachelor's graduates in civil engineering were reported.

The largest growth was in electrical engineering, with 144 offers reported by S.B. candidates, up from 57 last year. Computer science bachelor's graduates received 67 offers compared to 27 last year, while semiconductor engineers reported 100 job offers, compared to 42 last year.

In the School of Science, S.B. graduates received 117 offers, and physics graduates received 18 offers. "There were few offers, but few students were looking," Weatherall added. "We wish students would realize that they can be science majors, especially in math and physics, and get the same jobs Course 6 is getting for them," Weatherall observed. "Of course, they can also go to graduate school and become the next Schrodinger and Heisenberg," he added.

Consulting groups and financial firms showed more interest than ever in science majors, Weatherall said. "Students with self-confidence are doing very well looking for jobs on Wall Street. If they have the personal skills, it almost doesn't matter what major they come from," he noted.

Companies are still calling the placement office to look for students, Weatherall said. "It's been a very active year, and it's not over yet," he commenced.

### Median annual salaries offered to S.B. graduates entering industry, 1983-84

- $30,000
- $29,000
- $28,000
- $27,000
- $26,000
- $25,000
- $24,000
- $23,000

Data provided by MIT Office of Career Services and Professional Services.

#### Placement offers to graduates up

MIT graduates received many more job offers than last year, but starting salaries have increased little since last year, according to Director of Career Planning and Placement Robert W. Weatherall. "The companies warned us that they could offer more students if they offered lower salaries," Weatherall said.

Of the 43 companies and 50 government agencies recruited at MIT this year, 26 were electronics firms showing the largest growth, Weatherall said. "The CIA also came back in a big way this year. They staged a presentation for a large audience of students, almost all field," he added.

"Last year was notoriously hard for the chemical engineers, but the bad days are here behind them now," Weatherall noted. MIT S.B. graduates in chemical engineering received 55 offers this year, up from eight last year, according to the placement office reports. Weatherall attributed this trend to growth in chemical and semiconductor firms' needs for chemical engineers. "The oil companies still aren't hiring," he said.

Because of the oil companies, this was a "slow year for geology," according to Weatherall. Civil engineering offers were also down, he said, noting that geologists no longer hire great numbers of environmental and hydrologic specialists. "Contruction is slow too, although it doesn't seem that way if you look at the Boston skyline," Weatherall commented. Only 13 offers bachelor's graduates in civil engineering were reported.

The largest growth was in electrical engineering, with 144 offers reported by S.B. candidates, up from 57 last year. Computer science bachelor's graduates received 67 offers compared to 27 last year, while semiconductor engineers reported 100 job offers, compared to 42 last year.

In the School of Science, S.B. graduates received 117 offers, and physics graduates received 18 offers. "There were few offers, but few students were looking," Weatherall added. "We wish students would realize that they can be science majors, especially in math and physics, and get the same jobs Course 6 is getting for them," Weatherall observed. "Of course, they can also go to graduate school and become the next Schrodinger and Heisenberg," he added.

Consulting groups and financial firms showed more interest than ever in science majors, Weatherall said. "Students with self-confidence are doing very well looking for jobs on Wall Street. If they have the personal skills, it almost doesn't matter what major they come from," he noted.

Companies are still calling the placement office to look for students, Weatherall said. "It's been a very active year, and it's not over yet," he commenced.