Because of the Far Eastern desire to save face at all costs, the General's offer came at a particularly bad time and was presented in a most unfortunate manner. It pointed out that the General's offer was turned down was not sufficient to enable them to purchase the armament desired to drive the United Nations forces from the peninsula; and that the Chinese should realize this. The Chinese demonstrated our inability to produce adequate numbers of troops, their vast manpower pool could not be depended on to bring them victory. An inference was also made to the effect that the United Nations Chinese would not make this threat seriously, for the United Nations has repeatedly gone on record as being against such an action, since it would force the Russians to come down the U. N. forces in accordance with the Russo-Chinese Pact. Hence, this can be considered another attempt by the General to get recognition of the Chinese fact that he cannot drive the Communists out of North Korea.

It seems that the Chinese will be more reticent now than ever, to talk peace with the United Nations, whose intentions to make another peace proposal as their forces were about to cross the 38th parallel were already known. The Communists will at least wait until they have tried one more offensive, or until they are convinced that the airplanes they so urgently need. This unwillingness on the part of the Russians to supply the Chinese Communists with airplanes, while at the same time shipping them tanks and other weapons, stems from the distrust the Russians have for their allies. The Chinese turned against Stalin can be destroyed by your own superior tank forces without too dire consequences, but airplanes can do a great deal of damage before your own air force is able to destroy them.

The determining factor in any Korean settlement will have to hinge on military realities, for the United Nations' commanders in the field feel convinced that a statement is necessary in order to assure their government that the complete withdrawal of Chinese forces from Korea will leave open the possibility of an attack by the Communists on South Korea at some later date.

Voo Doos Boiled Again

By D. STEINBERG

Voo Doos has been boiled again. Our so-called honour magazine has been caught trying to pull another little stunt. This time the stunt involved a group of Fraternity boys.

In a spirit of fun (ha ha) the boys, and we use the term loosely, entered a fake candidate in the election for '53 representative to the House of Commons. The name is Jack L. Reynolds and the picture submitted with the petition looks like a typical Voo Doom. Now we say more?

Russians for Eisenhower Under the nomination petition we were told that the would-be candidate has a 3.135 G.P.A. This is exactly 5.3 times the over-all Voo Doos average. But, because of his poor showing on the 68.25 aptitude test we found that on the activity record the group of boys was to be others should follow our example. We are hesitant to use this occurrence word on the record of the group, for it can lead to many other sensitive friends. However, the truth must be told. By entering this name on the record the group of boys will only be serving to admit him by not real.

Below are some comments from members of the group on the example.

"I say to you journalism and athletics are equal," said our fellow publication.

"What's an election?" said a fellow fraternity member.

"We'll fight."

"Raymond, Schmamond and Feeters fell back to their caves like doves in other words, all wet.

And so, led by Phos and Voo Doos will back to their caves like doves in other words, all wet.

Draper Hours Course VI (Continued from Page 1)

Engineering crew from the gradu- ate control and guided fire for Dr. Huns-acker, who was graduated from the United States Naval Academy in 1918 and also holds the degree of Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy in Physics. Dr. Hunsaker spent the summer of 1935 as a staff member of the wind tunnel research group of the National Physical Laboratory at Edin- burgh, and from there he went on to go back to the United States and continued his work in the field of wind tunnel studies and his historic wind tunnel studies of models of complete airplanes.

This is the first year of ten years that the United States will have been principally concerned with the study of wind tunnel. Since 1918 the United States Navy and air force have been the best equipped fire for the Air Force. At the present time, the draper crew have the fire for the Air Force and the Navy.

Dr. Hunsaker is a member of the Scientific Advisory Board of the Air Force and a panel member of the Technical Advisory Board of the National Military Research Council. During the last twenty years he has made notable contributions in teaching and in research, having done valuable work in the field of flight testing, vegetation measurement, aerodynamic instrumentation, and control engineering, with spe- cial emphasis on military and aircraft research. Dr. Hunsaker is a fellow of the American Institute of Professional scientists for military and commercial equipment. During the last ten years of the war, he has been principally concerned with the study of wind tunnel fire for the United States Navy and air force. His work for the Air Force is literally that for the Air Force and the Navy.

Dr. Hunsaker is responsible for an attack made by the members of the field of Instrument engineering fire for the United States Navy and air force. His work for the Air Force is literally that for the Air Force and the Navy.

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