Michigan College Victor in Debate

Munitions Question Contended
Wednesday Evening With Technology

Arguing that a Federal monopoly of arms and munitions manufacture was not only inadvisable, but also practically impossible, the Michigan State debating team composed of Donald O'Hara, Albert A. Woll, '37, and Paul W. Strever, '37, who represented Technology. The debate took place in the Rensselaer Hall Wednesday night at seven-thirty. The chairman was Ralph D. Morrison, '37. The question at debate was, “Resolved: that there should be a Federal monopoly of the arms and munitions industry.” It was defined by the affirmative that munitions were those things used for the actual destruction of life and property. They further affirmed that the present practices of munitions manufacturers made some kind of monopoly necessary, especially in war time. The plan proposed would also have favorable economic and political effects, the Technology men claimed.

The Michigan State men based their argument mainly upon these questions which they asked the affirmative. These were as follows: How will the government establish this monopoly? Next, what was the government to do with the plants in peace time? Third, would the governments sell to other governments, as do the private manufacturers?

Bowman

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... Last month he was chosen to succeed Dr. Joseph S. Ames as president of Johns Hopkins University. An active advocate of international peace, Dr. Bowman is a member of the board of directors of the Council on Foreign Relations, the Woodrow Wilson Foundation, and the World Peace Foundation. In 1918-19 he was chief territorial specialist on the American Commission to Negotiate Peace, and later served as geographic expert in the demarcation of international boundaries during the Paris Peace Conference. Last year he was president of the International Geographical Congress which met in Warsaw.

He is a former president of the International Geographical Union.

Today the Governor of North Carolina says to the Governor of South Carolina—

"Have a cigarette"

Today people all over the world use tobacco in one form or another. They chew it, they smoke it in pipes, they smoke cigarettes and cigars, and here is what an eminent physician said about cigarettes:

"I have been something of a student of cigarettes, and it is my belief that they do not possess any form in which tobacco can be used.

Yes, nowadays the cigarette is the most popular form in which tobacco is used. A good cigarette certainly gives men and women a lot of pleasure.

Have a Chesterfield—

For one thing—they're milder.

For another thing—they taste better.