They are made that way—

Chesterfields are milder
Chesterfields taste better

Ripe home-grown tobaccos

We begin with the right kinds of mild ripe Domestic tobaccos. Then we age and mellow them like rare wines for flavor and taste.

Aromatic Turkish tobaccos

Next we add just the right kinds and the right amounts of Turkish tobaccos to give Chesterfield the “seasoning” that helps to make them taste better.

Blended and cross-blended

Finally we “weld” these tobaccos together the Chesterfield way—different from any other—to make Chesterfield a milder better-tasting cigarette.

It takes good things to make good things ... there is no substitute for mild ripe tobacco.

THE TECH

FOG DISSIPATED BY DEVICE TESTED AT SO. DARTMOUTH

(Continued from Page 3)

path of visibility approximately 100 feet wide and 30 feet high began to open across the airport in a northwesterly direction. On either side were walls of turbulent white vapor, but in the cleared area the ground was entirely free of fog. The late afternoon, Mr. Houghton made preparations for the test. While he worked the Elizabeth Islands were blotted out and the fog moved across the bay. The chemical solution, which has the power to condense the water vapor of which fog is composed, was quickly mixed and the pumps were tested. The distributing pipe, which is suspended on a heavy cable between one of the radio towers and a flagpole, had already been in position for several days. Darkness fell before the fog reached the western shore of the bay and Mr. Houghton waited until the airport was entirely cleared before he started the test.

The research program at the Institute's experimental station at Woods Hill is directed by Professor Edward L. Bowles, who has given Mr. Houghton every encouragement in the long investigation which resulted in development of the chemical method of fog dissipation.