S. A. T. C. PREPARATIONS

The erection of barracks for the Technology S. A. T. C. marks the beginning of a radical change in Institute life. From now on practically all Technology men will be Army men, paid, clothed, and housed by Uncle Sam. The duration of their stay at the Institute will depend on the discretion of the War Department, which will also have direct supervision of their lives and service.

At present it seems safe to say that the majority of the men who come to Technology will stay here for nine months only. This means a great change in the curriculum in order that men may be given as much instruction as possible in these nine months that may be directly applied to War needs.

In order to carry through this plan, the Institute has undertaken the construction of a great system of barracks to accommodate approximately 500 officers and men. This plan is not only a matter of convenience, but is also a matter of necessity. For example, there are now being built five standard barracks to hold two hundred and fifty men each, and a mess hall and kitchen for approximately this number of men. This will leave eight small service quarters where eight men may receive their food at the rate of eighty men per minute. Thus, in twelve minutes about one thousand men should be accommodated. In addition to this, a hospital will be constructed at an early date.

While all this is going on, the Naval Aviation school will be taking possession of the new dormitories instead of the Civil Engineering building which the Army Aviation is now using. This will enable the S. A. T. C. to make use of building one as an instruction building.

All these changes will have the effect of transforming Technology into one of the greatest war colleges in the country. We hope that Technology will maintain the great reputation as a war college that it has in the past as a training school for men of science.

M. M. L.

The greatest living thing in the world: the Technology undergraduate body.

Some students of this body come to life about six years after graduating from the Institute.

DRAFT IS UNNECESSARY TO KEEP U. S. NAVY SUPPLIED

Extension of the Service Is Not Necessary

Extension of the draft system to the Navy is nothing new. It has been advocated by this body and by this time by the Navy Department.

When the Department of the Navy was established, the Bureau of Navigation, under the administration of Mr. Chester A. Arthur, made a study of the question of the number of men necessary to be enrolled in the U. S. Navy, and has practically the same idea now as it had then.

They are now building a new vessel, the 15,000-ton cruiser, which has an entirely new outfit and is especially equipped for the army.

The Navy Department is already in communication with the War Department regarding the number of trained men that the Army might require. This number might be in the neighborhood of 30,000 men, and over 50,000 men will be trained by the Navy Department for the army.

The Navy Department is always in communication with the War Department regarding enlistment, the number of trained men that the army might require, and they are always on the lookout for trained men that can be used in the navy.

The Navy Department is in charge of the enlistment of trained men for the Army at the present time.

R. H. Palmer, who represented the Army at the conference, was asked to a request that a representative of the War Department be sent to the conference to assist the Navy Department.

The resolution, which has been passed, has been signed by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy.

The Secretary of War has given his consent to the signing of the resolution, and the War Department has agreed to the signing of the resolution.

The Navy Department is in charge of the enlistment of trained men for the Army at the present time.

From the above it is seen that the Navy Department is in charge of the enlistment of trained men for the Army at the present time.