S. African rally held

By Kenneth Hamilton

The Sullivan Principles are a backward movement," declared Professor Willard Johnson as a rally Friday night drew to a close the steps of the Student Center. The rally promoted MIT's investment in corporations doing business in South Africa.

"If all American corporations in South Africa were to adopt the Sullivan Principles, only 1.5% of the labor force would be affected," said Johnson. "American corporations could not make much of a difference without an vigorous expansion in South Africa, and that would be a step in the wrong direction. American corporations continue (however) to supply South Africa with high technology, loans, and capital intensive investment... I initiate the Sullivan Principles would be illegal and irrelevant to black oppression in South Africa." The Sullivan Principles are a set of corporations that seek to promote racial equality in South Africa.

The rally was sponsored by the MIT-Wellesley Coalition Against Apartheid. The speakers included Professor Willard Johnson of MIT, Sheryl Sistrunk '80 from the Black Student Union, and Greg Williams and Thembra Vilakazi.

"Why do we ask MIT to divest of its stocks in corporations which seek to promote racial equality in South Africa?" asked Johnson. "Because investment in these corporations is an act of association." Johnson argued that "this association supports the regime of apartheid." MIT demands loan co-signers

By Jordana Hollander

Beginning Fall Term 1978, MIT will make loans to students only if the loans are guaranteed by the federal government or co-signed by a "credit-worthy" third party.

This and other changes in the Institute's loan policy were made on the recommendation of the Ad Hoc Committee on Student Loan Policy, headed by John M. Wynne, Vice-President for Administration and Personnel, and approved by Chancellor Paul Gray '54.

Loans will only need to be co-signed when a student borrows beyond the limits of the National Direct Student Loan (NDSL) or the Federal Insured Student Loan (FISL), programs, and only for the amount not covered by these programs. The co-signer for the student's loan is considered "credit-worthy" if he lives in the United States or Canada and can provide evidence that he will be in a reasonable financial position during the repayment period of the loan.

The majority of loans made to US students by MIT are covered by the federal programs, so only two percent of the undergraduate and five percent of the graduate students will be affected by the policy change.

Foreign students, however, are ineligible for the government loan programs and may have difficulties finding viable co-signers for loans. As a result MIT is establishing an International Student Loan Fund, financed by MIT allocations and outside contributions.

Foreign undergraduates will be able to borrow money under the program to meet the self-help portion of their financial aid package. Freshman can borrow all of the self-help, up to $2,500, while upperclassmen are expected to raise part of it through term employment, co-signed loans, etc.

Non-US graduate students will be the group most affected by the loan policy changes. First-year students will no longer be able to include MIT loans on their visa applications along with their expected departmental support, and others will only be able to get MIT loans if they are properly co-signed.

The policy changes are part of a continuing effort by MIT to place its loan program on a sounder financial base. The committee has found that the demand for student loans is rising at a rate of 17 percent a year, and to meet this demand MIT has borrowed in about $5 million in short-term bank loans.

The amount MIT is borrowing from commercial banks is increasing at about $1.6 million per year. The prime interest rate is currently eight percent and interest while MIT student loans carry a seven percent interest rate, representing a constant drain on the loan program's resources.

"Spacewar" computer game is demonstrated to a young visitor to the Joint Computer Facility during Tuesday night. (Photo by Gary Engelson)
Institute releases finals rules

By Laurence Duffy

In protest, students here have sometimes had problems with final exams because of an occasional faculty member would find in one way or another departs from the fall Rates and Regulations concerning finals. These rules (see below) are designed to insure that each student has a reasonable opportunity to prepare for final exams.

Students who find that any of their instructors is planning a test which would violate the rules below should see Ms. Dickson in Room 4-237 or call 2-3416. After consulting with the student, the professor will decide the problem by speaking to the particular professor on behalf of the Chairman of the Faculty. If the matter remains unsettled, it will be referred to the Chairman of the Faculty. Must cases in the past have been satisfactory solved without any trouble.

Students planning course of action are requested to act as early as possible, so as to allow the professor enough time to revise his or her plans for the week before finals. All students are guaranteed anonymity.

The following are the rules governing final examinations:

1. Final examinations shall be held during the final examination period following each term. For each subject in which a final examination is given during the prescribed period, no class examinations shall be held during the period beginning two days, Saturdays and Sundays excepted before the examination period and ending at the examination period. Any single examination shall be limited to not over three hours.

2. The Dean for Student Affairs in the case of an undergraduate student, or chair of the Department in the case of a graduate student may excuse a student from a scheduled final examination for reasons of illness or significant personal problems.

For each subject in which a final examination is given during the prescribed period, no written examinations shall be given during the seven days preceding the examination period. For each subject in which no final examination is given during the prescribed period, no more than one written examination of not more than one hour (one class period in the case of laboratory or design subjects) shall be given during the seven days preceding the examination period.

No assignment, term paper, or oral presentation for any subject shall fall due after the last day of the prescribed period, no written final examination is given during the prescribed period, no class examinations shall be held during the period beginning two days, Saturdays and Sundays excepted before the examination period and ending at the examination period. Any single examination shall be limited to not over three hours.

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For the first time in recent memory dormitories and fraternities along Amherst Alley jointly hosted a block party last Saturday night. Amherst Alley was closed off between Baker and Burton, and free beer and the music of the Paradise Valley Band were provided. Baker House, Theta Delta Chi, Phi Beta Epsilon, Kappa Sigma, and Burton House sponsored the party with the dormitories providing most of the financing and the fraternities the manpower. Photo by Gordon Haff.

Spring is a perfect time to do something about rust. Rusting is a year-round problem, and corrosive conditions have become a lot worse in the last five years. If you live where salt is used to melt ice on the roads, that is speeding up corrosion on your car. If you live in the country, it’s the calcium chloride that’s spread on dirt roads to hold down dust. And corrosive chemicals in the air are causing rust in every part of America.

We’re doing something to help prevent rust on the new cars we’re building. Meanwhile, you can do something about reducing rust on your car.

It’s important to wash your car often. Use a mild soap and lukewarm or cold water. Please don’t neglect the underside of your car. The worst rusting happens from the inside out. That’s because salt, slush, and even mud tend to collect in the crevices underneath the car, in the door creases, and inside the fenders. Moisture gets trapped in those places and causes rust. So try to wash the underside of your car, too. In winter, if you can, and at the first opportunity in spring. Even if it’s only a few times a year, that would help some.

If your car gets dented, scratched, or chipped, try to get it repaired as soon as possible. Even a “small” scratch is bad. Because once a car starts to rust, the damage spreads fast. The paint around a dent or scratch can look okay, but rust is spreading underneath. In the long run, it’s cheaper to fix the car right away.

A lot of people think that parking a car in a heated garage during the winter will help prevent rust. But it’s just the opposite. Cold slows down the rusting process, as it does most chemical reactions.

We’re doing more now to protect GM cars from rust. For one thing, we’re using more rust-resistant materials, including different types of zinc-coated steel, in places where rust usually occurs. Also, our new paint primers and the way we apply them are designed to provide a thorough finish, even on some parts of the car you can’t see.

Our goal is to protect your car so that it lasts longer and gives you the most value. And fighting rust helps.

This advertisement is part of our continuing effort to give customers useful information about their cars and trucks and the company that builds them.

How to Reduce Rust

You May Be Washing the Wrong Side of Your Car.

Professional Employment

I am associated with a local firm engaged in professional placement services primarily in New England. Our service includes personalized professional assistance in resume writing and career decisions. I am an MIT student, on campus daily, and can meet with you at your convenience. I specialize in engineering disciplines including mechanical, electrical and software.

Our service is free. If you are interested please call in the evening.

Jack Goldberg 392-7871
Stock in S. Africa cannot be justified

By Bob Wasserman
MIT must seriously consider divestment of all, or at least some, of their holdings in US Corporations involved in South Africa. When all the arguments for and against divestment are considered, it becomes apparent that MIT must rid itself of its $30 million in support of South Africa's system of Apartheid.

Some college administrators feel that university investment in these US Corporations is fine, simply because these companies’ holdings in South Africa are small and/or in line with their total assets. William Massey, a Stanford Vice President, says "Over 99 percent of earnings are attributable to the US and Canada, in regard to US corporations. Well sure, and Richard Nixon did some good things in President. But to the students, some companies cannot be supported because of their dealings are moral.

One of the better arguments against divestment is the idea that this is the time that divestment will "not hurt US Corporations as the students think." Stevens is wrong on this count. First, student protesters do not think that colleges should "hurt" US corporations in South Africa, for students realize other implications, such as the publicity and symbolism of such a move. Besides, who says American universities cannot have a financial impact in the policies of these American companies, for Walter Mille of MIT has speculated that American colleges "own between 8 and 10 percent of the stock in these corporations. As a student demonstration put it, "The real mistake behind the whole thing is that it is not a divestment, it's not divestment, it's whatever the effect divestment of stocks of US corporations in South Africa, investments in that they ,institutions, are openly supporting American investment in South Africa. This support is inexcusable, and the institutions which are trying to teach us about morality and responsibilities, sometimes itself the other way around, students are trying to teach their college deans.

No one can ever really understand that they can push rather more effectively for change in South Africa by retaining their holdings. Colleges again their power to vote on proxy questions, but the questions of moral responsibility included are always voted down as the corporation in question rarely supports the stockholder proposal. Therefore it may be necessary to ask the students to pass the buck on to the US Government in hope that someone can do something about South Africa. By this means, the students can be somewhat less positivity questions contained issues which should be decided by the US Government. Where would we be if the yippies of the last 60s had felt the same way about Vietnam?

The MIT Advisory Committee on Shareholder Responsibility has been disappointing in their actions concerning South African investments, and the Executive Committee has been alerting in their inability to challenge these questions. True, the Ex-

The Tech, Volume 56, Number 2
TUESDAY, MAY 2, 1978

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Rhesus picture offensive

By Rabbi Daniel R. Schatz

To the Editor:

As a minority administrator in a majority institution, I am often confronted with the trivial and cultural biases and ignorance of the larger white community. (Grozio incident, for example). The Tech issue of April 26th provided yet another such confrontation and I am angered (almost) beyond words. I am referring to the flying of a Confederates flag on the campus (and is not the subject for another article). It was bad enough, but happened, but for the Tech to refer to it in a joking manner is unforgivable! Anyone with even the slightest knowledge of the history of Black people and the Civil Rights movement in this country must realize the significance of the Confederate flag is the Black community.

The flying of that flag was an affront to every black person on this campus and is not subject to any condescending jokes. I hope that the entire MIT community would educate itself in more than the history of a toy. One cannot forget to appreciate the fact that there are acts on, at least, insensitive and, at worst, the perpetuation of a system of racism which includes imperialism and anarchism.

Rita F. Netrebko

Assistant Director
Student Financial Aid Office
To the Editor:

Most of the stories in the April 21 issue of The Tech, and in much of the news media, who has felt, or others who feel the same way, is not at all sure that I ever completely recovered from these feelings, but perhaps, through my experience, I can become so lost in their work that I will be able to help him and others who feel the same way.

First of all, many of his beliefs are the result of limited experience — and mostly had experience. Unfortunately, in most of us, the advice we give is to change our beliefs, and then magically, we will be happier.

This advice is an annoyance of bourgeois moralist's work. The problem is that MIT is undeniably a difficult institution (I did not say school) for some people to handle. Of course, there are a few Prince Charmings (and Cinderellas) around whom for whom no social situations would be too adverse, and others who can be so lost in their work that their social situations do not matter. Some of us, however, fall somewhere in between.

The problem is exacerbated by the following. Many students have never really learned how to lead an active social life. It is the first condition that MIT is not the place to learn. Most of the advice that you can find in books is advice on how to learn a social life here. It is an interesting theory, but it fails in practice for many people. For a make, the temptation to generalize from one bad experience with a "Tech Coed" to all women on campus may be irresistible, however incorrect it may be, since there are too few of them to quickly find another to solace you, if you have to go off campus for that, and that requires effort. Not just effort; also the social experience it takes to be attractive to the opposite sex. Since many of us lack this experience and since we have already been burned once, by induction, all women are worthless. (Women sometimes feel the same way about men, as hard as that may be for a man to believe or to stand.)

I do not think that Brian has the answer himself. At other schools, people do have fun. Not everyone, of course, but there are schools where the social situation is more normal and more favorable for people like us to learn the social skills we need. Also, the situation is less apt to lead one into making unhappily ended generalizations, since, after one bad experience, it is much easier to find someone else to help you forget.

One idea that people have to discard is that, by transferring to another school as an undergraduate, you will get an inferior education. This is simply not true. The education that you get depends mostly on one factor — you. If you were good enough to get into MIT, the big secret is that you are probably good enough to be able to make the most out of your education no matter what you do. The choice is definitely not one of being brilliant but miserable, or happy but dumb. You may even be pleasantly surprised by the fact that you are a better student than you are a better student.

One example which comes to mind is UCLA. Here, in addition to a good school and a better social environment, you can actually live in a place with an environment, as well. Off campus, you can ride to the mountains, the desert, or the beaches (either alone or with a friend if you have no car) and find a quiet, comfortable place where you can contemplate the meaning of life and sort out your feelings about it. You would be surprised by how much having such a place can help you. Of course, there are other schools you should consider.

MIT Council Chairman, 1M Council

Jason Tong, '79

April 24, 1978

and was very favorably impressed both with the news reports of research going on there and with the smiling faces I saw when I visited the campus. Incidentally, you should be able to check the listings of faculty at MIT and other schools. You will find that many MIT professors are not MIT graduates, and that some of the best graduates are teaching elsewhere. Obviously, it does not take an MIT education even to touch here, nor will you find a complete lack of good faculty elsewhere, in spite of some rumors to the contrary.

Please consider what I have to say. MIT, particularly as an undergraduate institution, is not the right place for some people, and there is no sound educational reason not to transfer, in spite of what some people would lead you to believe, if you think that you will be happier elsewhere. You may find that moving back here for graduate school, or you may choose to go elsewhere or not at all, but it should be your decision to make, free from intimidation.

Alan Casel, G

April 24, 1978

(MIT and socialized education)

Debating the "Holocaust"

(Continued from page 4)

To the Editor:

Regarding the advertisement by David Cormier in the Tuesday, April 25 issue of The Tech (page 2), I would like to make it clear that Erso has nothing to do with Mr. Cormier's activities. This was a short article stating that his "fencing" consisted mainly of a verbal sheet of an article printed in Erso. We said that we could tend to it by transferring to another school as an undergraduate institution, is not the right place for some people, and there is no sound educational reason not to transfer, in spite of what some people would lead you to believe, if you think that you will be happier elsewhere. You may find that moving back here for graduate school, or you may choose to go elsewhere or not at all, but it should be your decision to make, free from intimidation.

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Robert Williams implored, Williams referring to apartheid. "It's the most terrible system of oppression in the world," eried Sheryl Strother, representing the Black Student Union, in reference to apartheid. Strother added, the Sullivan Plan, "Equal pay for equal work is legal. That's why American corporations are there -- to rip people off." A flier handed out at the rally stated: "Black workers are paid roughly one tenth the wages on white workers on equivalent jobs..." US corporations are in South Africa for two reasons: cheap black labor and rich natural resources. These are the sources of the substantial rate of profit in South Africa: 17 percent to 20 percent versus 10 percent to 11 percent elsewhere outside the US."

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**Notes**

* The Sun Day Festival will be held on the Commons, Wednesday, May 3 from 10am to 6pm. There will be music, entertainment, speeches, demonstrations, and more all day including a Shakespeare Ensemble performance at 3pm.

* To request an application for sun day festival staff positions throughout New England and eastern New York write New England: Swimming Camp, 600 Revere Parkway, Cambridge, MA 02141. Applications are accepted now.

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Inspect hydraulic system. Check with mechanic before ordering the Disc, price package, it may not be necessary.

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- Install NEW (not rebuilt) heavy duty brake linings on all four wheels.
- Replace and true all four drums.
- Inspect front wheel bearings.
- Clean and repack front wheel bearings.

Install NEW front wheel seals.

Inspect hydraulic system.

**LIFETIME MUFFLERS**

- Sizes for most American cars.
- Double-wrapped construction.
- Galvanized steel.
- Engineered to silence of at minimum back pressure.

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How do you know if you need new shock absorbers? Shock absorbers are vital parts that control the ride of your vehicle and are not intended for day-to-day use. If your car shows any of these warning signs, your probably need new shock absorbers:

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- Bounces to be more spirited, smooth and foreign cars.
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Most foreign and American imports.

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Dynamic spin balance $3.25
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Approximately 15,000 people attended MIT's biennial Open House on Saturday, April 29. (Photo by Gordon Haff)

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L78-15     $37.76   $3.05

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S E I Z E     F E T     P R I C E
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S E I Z E     F E T     P R I C E
10-15.5 s ply $58.85   $4.53
12-15.5 s ply $75.98   $5.58

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FREE MOUNTING NO TRADE-IN REQUIRED

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155-13 (black) $42.42   $1.99
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MIT to gradually phase-out plan

By Gordon Hunter

Although plans for its eventual replacement by the Parent Loan Program (PLP) are being made, the Deferred Payment Program (DPP) will not be discontinued in the near future according to James F. Brady, Accounting Officer, and John R. Rogers, Accounting Officer for Student Loans.

Rogers said that freshmen were being encouraged to use the PLP or various bank plans with an eye toward eventually phasing-out the DPP. Brady added that there is not a "big push" presently to end the DPP. Brady also noted that the Academic Council has to make the final decision and that this time "hasn't been hot with them in some time."

Some students have worried about the discontinuance of the DPP because a class added to the DPP forms stating that the program might be terminated in the future. Rogers reassuringly said that they would "have to have strong alternatives if the program was discontinued."

Even with the emphasis on the PLP for the Class of '78, some of the freshmen signed up for the PLP rather than the DPP. Presently, about 10 percent of all undergraduates use the Deferred Payment Plan and only about 100 use the PLP. "The potential is there in the PLP" to take over from the DPP, according to Brady. He mentioned that it was probably easier for parents to make the 78 monthly payments of the PLP for four years of college or the 76 to 96 monthly payments of the bank plans than the 24 large payments of the DPP or the eight large payments without any assistance program.

According to Rogers the phase-out wouldn't be for at least three years, if at all, and that in any case enrollment in the DPP would have to drop to around 300 to 400 from the present 1000. Brady added that at present there is not a time-table for the phase-out.

The only scenario for discontinuance at present is that Rogers would be a "tremendous budget pinch" when personnel out-backs might curtail the program. Brady said this would be unlikely since MIT has "anything it can to assist parents to make the payments" for college.
Technique '78

By Drew Blakeman

However unusual this academic year may have been, at least one thing has remained the same — the Technique staff has published another edition of the MIT yearbook, which is currently on sale for $12. Those who ordered in advance may now pick up their copies of Technique '78.

This edition of Technique, the 94th, is very similar in style to its immediate predecessors; the overall quality of the book is as usual generally quite good. The photography is excellent, particularly in the color section at the front of the book, although there are photos which are only of average distinction. Many of the pictures which have problems are a result of inadequate production techniques, with details lost to the dark or light side of the exposure range.

Most pictures, including many of those improperly exposed, were well framed by the photographer or cropped well; the subjects are juxtaposed against their backgrounds in what are often interesting and artistic arrangements. Occasionally, however, art takes precedence over what should be included in a yearbook — the people who make the school what it is. Photographs with no people in them, or with unrecognizable backs of heads, can be aesthetically pleasing, but too many of them are not interesting enough on the second or third flip through of the book.

As a chronicle of the current academic year, however, Technique '78 just doesn't make it. Although it contains the requisite athletic records and pictures of prominent lecturers, what is new, what is unique to this year were included. Many of these events were highly controversial and a solid investment which will help you live to relive your undergraduate-days at MIT in years to come. If you don't buy now, you won't be able to later; don't lament that you never bought your school's yearbook after you've left here.

(Photos by Jeffrey Mitchell, courtesy of Technique)

AROUND MIT

You Can't Take It With You, the light-hearted comedy will be presented by the MIT Drama Workshop Fri. & Sat., May 5 & 6, and Thur.-Sat., May 11-13 at 8pm in Kresge Little Theatre. All tickets $2.50, for reservations, call X-4720, on sale in Lobby 10 and at the door.

Chapel Concert: Renaissance and Baroque Lute Recital. Howard Bass will perform the works of J.S. Bach, William Byrd, and others. Thurs May 4 at the Chapel at 12:10pm; free.

George Kepes, The MIT Years '45-77, sponsored by the Committee on the Visual Arts. April 30-May 5, 8am-4pm. Slide lecture by the artist, Thurs., May 4, 8pm in Rm. 9-150.

THE MOVIES

Yellow Submarine, the Midnite Movie, Sat., May 6; bring a blanket and sit on the floor, 2nd floor of the Student Center; free.

The Last Days of Pompeii, two versions of the movie will be shown. A 1913 version will be shown April 28 (7 & 8:15pm), April 29 (1:30 & 3:30pm) and April 30 (2:30 & 4pm). A second version (1929) will be run May 5, & 7 at the corresponding times above. At the Museum of Science; for info, call 723-2500.

This weekend's LSC lineup:

 Waiting for Godot, Beckett's classic., April 30-June 9, Sun.-Fri., 10am-4pm. Slide lecture by the artist, Thur., May 4, 8pm in Rm. 9-150.

THEATRE


ANNOUNCEMENTS

Entry Form Deadline, for Kehdioko Weekend Annual All-Tech Sing is May 11-19pm in the SCC office. Pass entire claque: We Loathe Transparent Horizons and Opera to the Pre-Med. Organz.-group to perform an original song on 3 Sat. at 8pm at the Student Center; call 3916 for info.

Technique 1978

Available in Lobby 10 this week.
Faculty committee formed

(Continued from page 1)

The ad-hoc committee will look into many areas within the advising system. “One thing to find out is what Institute wide standards are, and what controls are necessary in the program,” Hulsizer said.

Another question he suggested is whether the upperclass program should be united under one authority, like the freshman one. Greytak said he felt that he would like to see that happen.

“Everybody agrees that the system is not optimum,” added Greytak. “In particular we’re going to want to get student input. We’re going to have to know what the students want.”

Unlike the freshman program, the upperclassman advisory program has no central committee of any sort. Each department takes care of its own advisors and students. Professor Robert Hulsizer, Chairman of the Committee on Educational Policy (CEP) is probably most knowledgeable about the system overall.

There are many different formats for the upperclass program: possibly as many as there are departments. Some courses rotate advisors among students each year. Others have four or five members who are ‘experts’ in advising. The average for most departments is probably about a dozen students per advisor, although only the individual Counsels know for sure.

The same problems exist for every department’s program, and are similar to those of the Freshman program. “The obvious thing is that the advisors don’t see their students enough. That’s a double-edged problem.” Prof. Hulsizer noted. The faculty needs more initiative, but many students never go to see their advisors without extreme prodding. The faculty feels they are only advisors and they cannot sell the students what to do according to Hulsizer, adding that, “We aren’t policemen. We are advisors. We can only advise a student.”

The program. The largest one seems to be accessibility of both advisors and students, with dissatisfaction with an advisor the next largest complaint. Keller man said that “We encourage freshmen to change advisors any time if they’re not happy.”

Lazarus commented, “Every year there are complaints about specific advisors… All complaints… and any suggestions for changing the system should come to us. My general impression is that it (the program) is working well and if it isn’t… my office is open to complaints and does something about them.” They both agree, however, that “The biggest problem, probably, is just sparsity.”

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ULLMAN '81 to head class

Lori Ullman has been elected President of the Class of 1981 after a recount of the election ballots, invalidating the election of Andy Ubel.

The recount was called by Robert Firester, a third candidate in the race. He requested the recount because of the extremely narrow margin of victory in the last two rounds of the vote count.

The recount was held on Saturday, April 29 by David Soule '79, Election Commissioner, Barry Starr '80, his assistant, and Barry Newman '79, the Undergraduate Association President, in the presence of the three candidates involved. The candidates agreed beforehand to abide by the results of the recount.

The third round of the recount had Firester winning with 142 votes, Ubel had 133, and Ullman 134, in contrast to the count of election night which gave Firester 142 votes, Ubel 135, and Ullman 133. The final result of the recount had Ullman winning with 186 votes over Firester with 174.

Ullman said she was "very pleased" with her belated victory and satisfied with the recount. She added that the change was a "mistake someone didn't catch" and not maliciously intended. Ullman concluded by saying she hoped she'd make a good president and had the class's support.

Male, shy mathematical genius in his twenties, would like to meet female, likewise, 19 to 29. Charlie, P.O. Box 124, Westboro, Mass. 01581.
Batsmen lose

By Bob Host

Although the team outslugged its opponent, the MIT baseball team lost its fourth straight game Saturday, 7-2, to Bates on Briggs Field. The trouble started early for the Beavers, as a strong wind and high line led to a Bates run in the first inning on what appeared to be a routine infield out. In the second, Bates added three more runs on a single, a walk, a sacrifice bunt, a double driving in two runs, and a bloop single to short center, making the score 4-0 Bates (7-1-1) to Bates 1-3-2.)

In the fifth, Bates homered to make the score 5-0, but in the bottom half of the inning, the Beavers got two runs, aided by a two-base error which sent Tim Garverick '80 to third on a single. The rally was cut short when Carl Nowiszewski '79 lined into a double play with Steinhagen, the runner on first, getting back to the bag too late.

Bates added two more runs in the sixth to make it 7-2, and MIT's last scoring opportunity was in the eighth when Nowiszewski singled to left, and Joe Kracunas '79 hit into a fielder's choice, sending Steinhagen to third. However, a pop up and a grounded out ended that threat, and the Beavers went down one-two-three in the ninth.

Veteran wingers Charles Frankston '76 and Rick Tucker '76 looked on as graduating senior Rich Stodie and his partner Ron Mabbitt '79 took high point honors with 23. B.J. King '76 and Alex Kagan '78 also gave good performances in the victory. Playing in their first tournament, they went 2-1-1, including a rare 3-5-3 tie.

Lacrosse team breaks slump

By Roger Renshaw and Jann Singer

On Saturday, MIT's lacrosse team picked up its most satisfying win of the season with a 9-8 upset of Nichols last Wednesday and a 14-5 rout of Nichols at Fenway Park Sunday. Nichols (7-1-1) had the advantage of a shaky start by MIT, but MIT gained its control, for after a leadoff walk in the third inning, the team picked up its most satisfying win of the season with a 9-8 upset of Nichols last Wednesday and a 14-5 rout of Nichols at Fenway Park Sunday. Nichols had the advantage of a shaky start by MIT, but MIT gained its control, for after a leadoff walk in the third inning, MIT's attack played its fines breaks slump.

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Winkers skilled at Beanpotting

By Josef Seeha

Closing its season on a high note, the MIT tiddlywinks, ranked second in the nation, won the Beanpot tiddlywinks tournament, emblematic of Boston area tiddlywinks supremacy. The Tech squad journeyed to Commonwealth Avenue on Sunday to defeat Boston University and Harvard in the triangular meet.

The Beavers never trailed as they amassed 38% points against Harvard, which was captained to 27% points by former MIT student Fred Shapiro '74, and BU, which scored 18. Veteran wingers Charles Frankston '76 and Rick Tucker '76 looked on as graduating senior Rich Stodie and his partner Ron Mabbitt '79 took high point honors with 23. B.J. King '76 and Alex Kagan '78 also gave good performances in the victory. Playing in their first tournament, they went 2-1-1, including a rare 3-5-3 tie.

The Engineers entered Saturday's contest on an upswing from Wednesday's display of offensive firepower. MIT broke a 5-5 deadlock at 2:06 into the third period on Junior Al O'Connor's third goal of the game. The team outhit its opponents, it fell just short as Nichols gained its control, for after a leadoff walk in the third inning, the team picked up its most satisfying win of the season with a 9-8 upset of Nichols last Wednesday and a 14-5 rout of Nichols at Fenway Park Sunday. Nichols had the advantage of a shaky start by MIT, but MIT gained its control, for after a leadoff walk in the third inning, MIT's attack played its finest
MIT sixth in Greater Bostons

By Tom Curtis
Sophomore Jim Turlo's second place finish in the high jump and senior Rich Okine's second place finish in the 110-meter high hurdles gave MIT sixth place in the Greater Boston track championships in Steinbrenner Stadium Sunday. Favored Northeastern withstood a strong Harvard challenge to win the meet.

MIT earned four and one-half of its twelve points in the high jump. Both Turlo and Reid von Borstel '78 scored points in the event. Turlo was awarded second based on his other jumps in the meet. Turlo was cleared 6'6" and needed only two attempts to top 6'8".

When the bar was raised to 6'8", however, Turlo and the three other remaining high jumpers began to have trouble. Hindered by Sunday's high winds, Turlo began to have trouble. Hindered by Sunday's high winds, Turlo and two others could not jump the height in their three attempts. Based on his other jumps in the meet, Turlo was awarded second place.

Okine edged past two runners in the final 20 meters to earn second in the hurdles. Okine was in fourth place for most of the race, but two of his competitors faltered on the final hurdles. Okine jumped the hurdles cleanly and took second by a nose with a time of 15.67 seconds.

Fred Benetu '79 was a surprise scorer for MIT with a fifth place finish in the 400-meter relay. MIT also placed second in the 5000-meter run, and 1600-meter relay yet to be run. Harvard and favored Northeastern were tied for first with Boston University, Brandeis, and Tufts far behind. Northeastern won the 5000-meter run and Harvard took the pole vault. The 1600-meter relay finally broke the deadlock with Northeastern finishing second and Harvard finishing fourth. Northeastern thus preserved its perfect record.

Brandeis gained the most points in the last three events. The winners of the meet were still in doubt with only the pole vault, steeplechase and also missed scoring points in the last three events. The judges took second in the 1500-meter run. That gave them seven more points and enabled them to pass MIT and BC in the standings and finish fourth.

The final score of the meet was 151, Harvard 111, Tufts 91, Brandeis 10, BC 15, MIT 12, and Tufts 6.

MIT and Tufts will both return to Steinbrenner Stadium today at 4pm for a dual meet.

Steinbrenner track officially dedicated

By Gordon Haff

The Henry G. Steinbrenner Stadium was officially dedicated last Sunday during a break in the Greater Boston Track and Field Championships. The new stadium, called "the best collegiate track and field facilities in New England" by Howard Johnson, chairman of the MIT corporation, is the result of a gift from New York Yankees' owner George Steinbrenner and his two sisters.

The gift was made in honor of their father, Henry Steinbrenner '27, a top scholar in naval architecture who is the only MIT trackman to have won the national championship in an event—the 300 hurdles. After his graduation Henry Steinbrenner went on to become an executive of Great Lakes Shipping, a company in which his son, George, is now chairman of the board.

In his speech, George Steinbrenner thanked the city of Boston for having the Red Sox lose to the Yankees last year thus providing him with enough money to build this new track. He added that if the same happened next year, he might be back with more money for more athletic facilities.

The gift was announced last summer at the 50th reunion of his father's graduating class. The new track's surface construction is the first of its kind anywhere in America. In addition, it possesses one of the few 3,000-meter steeplechases in New England and the only one in the Boston area.