New fraternity chapter considered

By Drew Blakeman

If MIT and the Inter-fraternity Conference (IFC) give their approval, there will be a chapter of the Zeta Psi fraternity here at the institute next fall.

Zeta Psi is a national fraternity with about forty chapters. Founded in 1847 at New York University, it was the first fraternity to start a chapter on the west coast—as at the University of California at Berkeley in 1870—as well as the first to have a foreign chapter, founded at the University of Toronto in 1879. Among the more famous Zeta Psi alumni is Institute President Emeritus Julius A. Stratton, who graduated from the University of Washington.

According to Associate Dean for Student Affairs Kenneth Brown '66, MIT would expand the fraternity system if it were found to be desirable by both the Institute and the IFC.

Browning said that there were two questions that needed to be answered before expansion of the fraternity system can be considered: "Can the system expand? And is there enough demand for another fraternity?"

Browning recalled that both these questions were asked last year before Alpha Delta Phi opened its chapter here, and at that time the answer to both was "yes."

This year, however, the fraternity pledged fewer freshmen than expected. Browning said that the causes of the slow rush would have to be found and that they would play an important part in determining whether to add another fraternity. He would have to see the system expanded if it would make widespread houses possible.

Gregory E. McElroy, Executive Director of Zeta Psi, said that "if we get an OK from MIT and the IFC, we will start a chapter here."

He added that he wanted to get started "as soon as possible.

McElroy stated that Zeta Psi felt it had a "good product" to offer and that the rush here would be a "strong addition" to the fraternity system. "We feel the fraternity system here is very good and very visible, and that there is room for other fraternities here."

Browning and McElroy will meet this week to discuss forming a chapter of Zeta Psi here at MIT. If approval is given, McElroy is hoping that the first "rush activities" can begin during the week of October 18.

According to McElroy, these "rush activities" would consist, as first of a few parties to attract people on a "first floor" of a new chapter. "This is a unique opportunity," he asserted.

After a concentrated effort in the Institute dormitory areas, there would be a general interest in the project, McElroy said he foresees a nucleus of "a few interested students" who would handle most of the organization. He noted that since Zeta Psi would not have to compete with other frater-

nities at this point, there would be little as much pressure on anyone as there is during the traditional rush week. "People will not need to commit themselves at any time," he emphasized.

Picking a house for the fraternity may be difficult. Browning said that the Boston building code forbids the use of dormitory as part of Rock by fraternity and requires a "variance" in the other areas. McElroy added that it is "highly unlikely that the city would grant such a variance." He noted that Cambridge is the only viable alternative if there are any other locations would be "too far away to be practical."

"Housing would have to be found one way or another," said McElroy. A conclusion was foretold by interested alumni from other area Zeta Psi chapters and would hold the mortgage on the house.

Zeta Psi has started four new chapters within the last two years, and all four have used housing within their first year, McElroy noted. "I know we can count on our other chapters to help out," he asserted.

Browning said that two other fraternities have expressed an interest in expanding to MIT, but that Zeta Psi has been the only one so far to send a representative to see him here. He noted that there are usually "a few" inquiries every year, but that this year they came "earlier than usual.

"We would like to present the charter sometime in spring if all goes well," McElroy stated. He said that a minimum membership for a workable chapter would be "about 25," although a larger number would be more desirable.

Henry Moore sculpture dedicated

By Daniel Nathan

MIT's recent acquisition of the sculpture "Three Piece Reclining Figure Draped" by the British artist Henry Moore (1898-1986) is another sign that the arts at MIT are "burgeoning as never before," Howard Johnson, Chairman of the MIT Corporation, said at the sculpture's dedication on Friday.

The sculpture does not "represent just a vague thrust for culture," Johnson contended, "it is presented at the half-hour ceremony at the new sculpture's site in the southwestern comer of Killian Court. The work is the gift of the Eugene McDermott Family and other "friends of MIT."

Johnson announced the retirement of Wayne Anderson as Chairman of the Committee on Visual Arts so that he can devote more time to teaching. The MIT art collection has increased sevenfold during Anderson's ten years as chairman, Johnson said, and "this work [the Moore sculpture] represents the culmination of this period of Anderson's contribution to MIT."

Anderson said that "emphasis is placed on the arts in education and on the arts in the environment. The realistic quality of the piece was inspired when he saw a sheep gazing skyward and the event with a recollection of a written report on the MIT community."

The dedication ceremony was performed by interested alumni fromn other area Zeta Psi chapters and would hold the mortgage on the earth.

The dedication ceremony was performed by the MIT Chamber Players. Johnson also said that the realistic quality of the piece was inspired when he saw a sheep gazing skyward and the event with a recollection of a written report on the MIT community.

The United States economy has

Economy forum held

By Hillary Lust

If Ford were re-elected, the United States would take three to four months longer to recover from the recession than if a Democrat won, said economist Paul Samuelson.

"We're economists work with the same basic Keynesian theories. "We're economists work with the same basic Keynesian theories. "With this in mind, we can come to an answer," Samuelson said.

According to McElroy, these "three pieces" are part of a Mozart serenade by Beethoven that was presented by the Chamber Players. Johnson concluded the event with a recollection of the dedication of Alexander Calder's "Great Sail" in McCormick Court last year and said that the effects of that sculpture and other works of art on the MIT community are an "essential part of education and growth."

The United States economy has

New Ideas Needed

Institute Professor of Economics Paul Samuelson, who moderated the discussion, stressed the need for new ideas in economics.

Economists, he said, are "the best economists who spoke Friday at an economics symposium sponsored by the MIT Graduate Economics Association. Ezekiel, who is economics professor at Princeton University, predicted that if Ford wins, he will probably limit deficit spending and Congress will have to take decisive action to revive the economy.

His forecast was that the United States economy has
Top economists give talk

By Kent Pitman

Seven residents of New House were charged for damage to the dormitory's kitchen area and the house's lounge area, which were reported by the Curators of the Dormitory Council Judcom.

The damages, amounting to $613.88, included several large holes in the walls of the lounge and a smaller hole, measuring 23 inches in diameter, in the walls of the first floor lounge. The damages were calculated to be $450 for miscellaneous damages, the cost of which could not be traced, and $163.88 for medical expenses.

The damages were assessed to the individual assessor, and the cost of the damage was divided among all residents of House 4.

In response to a question, the Chairperson of the Dormitory Council Judcom, Chris Donnelly, said that the charges were made justified by the amount of damage sustained.

In conclusion, the committee "had to take even more initiative in setting fiscal policy. During an election year, Congressmen are reluctant to pass appropriations bills that would increase the national deficit.

Treasurer was asked whether President Ford could blame the current recession on a high inflation rate. She explained that a rise in the price of consumer goods reduces the consumer's purchasing power. A decrease in consumption has a depressing effect of the economy.

Chairperson agreed that the economy's rate of growth depends substantially upon the amount of consumer spending. He stated that consumption is currently below the levels predicted by most econometric models. If this trend continues, he explained, the country could suffer very low growth rates in the next few years, although consumer spending should pick up after the election.

Harvard Economics Professor Benjamin Friedman said that interest rates have actually fallen during the current economic expansion which goes against both past trends and traditional theories on the supply of and demand for money.

In response to a question, Friedman attacked the Federal Reserve Board, saying that its actions have tended to conflict with the country's needs. Samelson agreed that the Central Bank—controlled by the Federal Reserve Board—should be more responsive to the needs of the people.

Institute Professor of Economics Paul Samuelson asks for new ideas in economics at an economist symposium sponsored by the MIT Graduate Economics Association held Friday.

Congressional Budgeting Process

Nancy Teeters, an economist at the Congressional Budget Office, in a discussion, said that Congress is playing an increasing role in setting fiscal policy.

Teeters noted that the office is using an econometric model—a series of equations relating different economic variables to one another—to make five-year forecasts of government revenue and spending. The model predicts different levels of government spending for different rates of economic growth and allows the Congressional committee to set revenue floors and expenditure ceilings.

This is the first year since 1948 that Congress has passed all of its appropriation bills before the start of the fiscal year. Teeters explained that since Teeters was asked how the current recession and deficits have been handled, Congress will determine the individual assessments for the cost of damage for which most of the residents were not responsible.

The Dormitory Council Judcom will hear the appeals in the current recession and deficits have been handled, Congress will determine the individual assessments for the cost of damage for which most of the residents were not responsible.

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DNA lab plans continue

By Mark James

MIT will continue plans to set up a laboratory for P3 class recombinant DNA experimentation while observing the Cambridge moratorium on such work, which will be extended for another 90 days on Sept. 27.

P3 designates a level of safety precautions against which possibly dangerous organisms from laboratories doing work involving recombinant DNA techniques, which involve the insertion of genes from one organism into the hereditary material of another. The levels of safety were set up by the National Institutes of Health (NIH), which funds much genetic research. The levels range from P1, which involves normal laboratory precautions, to P4, which mandates extreme control measures similar to those used for dangerous disease-causing organisms.

Work that falls under the P1 and P2 classifications is underway at MIT, according to Special Assistant to the Corporation Walter Milne, but no P3 research is being done now.

The Cambridge moratorium, approved in July, covers only P3 and P4 work. Several biologists at MIT, including American Cancer Society Professor of Microbiology David Baltimore, Associate Professor of Biology Philip Sharp, and Assistant Professor of Biology David Hoosman, plan to do such research if facilities are available and the moratorium is lifted, according to Institute Professor of Biology Salvador Luria, director of the Center for Cancer Research (CCR).

The P3 facility planned involves minor modifications to a laboratory in the CCR, according to Milne. The modifications will not be completed for another six months. The moratorium will be lifted, he said, when he receives an appeal from researchers currently prevented from doing their work and the moratorium is lifted, according to the Institute.

Fellowship should submit to Dean Jean Millard, for a Danforth Foundation Fellowship, starting at 9am on Thursday, Oct. 7.

The MIT Women's League will hold a plant sale in the Student Center on Oct. 6. If you're under 25, it can get expensive.

By Mark James

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By Glenn Brownstein

Those of you familiar with the local area may recall that Boston used to be a "hockey town." Those of you who spent last October falling in love with the Hocky town school while the Red Sox worked their magic might call this place a "baseball town." Forget it. Boston is the football capital of the world, Columbus, Ohio, and Pittsburgh notwithstanding.

Chairman of the Harvard College football team in the area at this point of the season, although I'd venture to guess that Harvard's record will not be that of Miami. The Crimson football juggernaut and Boston College's stunning 14-13 upset of Texas have brought respectability to the much-maligned local gridiron. Success with the Scarlet, 8-1-1, in 1976, and Navy have only added to the general spirit.

This year, however, will be a "hockey year" for the Patriots, we were told in September. If that's true, then Coach Chuck Fairbanks has revolutionized the construction industry. That's not the reincarnation of the 1962-63 Cleveland Browns or the old New England Packers on your tube, but the same team that has ruled the east since 1966. After predictably losing its opening game to Baltimore, the Patriots defeated Miami and Pittsburgh, the teams responsible for three of the past four Super Bowl Championship games.

But consider that sort of possibility, however, is a luxury long denied New England football fans, and one not easily relinquished. Denver and the giant victory celebration last year but impatient for another chance. So this year, topple the Patriots, don't be surprised.

By William Lasser

President Ford said recently that his administration could not be classified as an extension of the "Imperial Presidency." Ford seemed proud of the fact that he had reversed the trend of past Presidents towards usurpation of powers.

The President is quite correct in his appraisal of his administration. In fact, the past two years have been seen by many as an attempt to survive terrible crises of confidence and legitimacy without effective leadership in the White House.

It is indeed true that the Presidents of the "Modern Era," from Franklin D. Roosevelt to Richard M. Nixon, have asserted and utilized powers which were clearly not within the Constitution. These abuses of power culminated in the United States' involvement in Vietnam, and in the Watergate hearings on illegalities and improprieties which周恩来 were known as "Watergate."

But it is his presidency and his predecessors added imaginary articles and amendments to the line work of Alexander Hamilton, James Madison and Thomas Jefferson. President Ford has done exactly the opposite. He seems to have ignored all the President's constitutional powers save one: the veto power of Congress.

Ford has vetoed, at last count, fifty-six bills. He does not speak for what he has done, but of what he has stopped Congress from doing. The President does not react. He does not construct; he demobilizes.

By contrast, Jimmy Carter, when he was governor of Georgia, ran the state by a process he called the "reverse veto," whereby the Governor could propose legislation which became law unless the legislature vetoed it. Such a process would undo or halt, on a local level, an unconstitutional delegation of Congressional power. However, from Carter's actions in Georgia, a vital difference between the candidates can be deduced.

Jimmy Carter would be an active political leader, the White House. He would want and for which he has never, until now, campaigned. His campaign style is exciting, as he sits in the Oval Office or stands in the Rose Garden and says "Presidential." It is far more dangerous to have an active president in office than a passive one. Active presidents last two years or less. They can not propose legislation which could pass unless the legislature was convinced. If, and only if, the President makes the playoffs, or if Boston College win every remaining game.

Just to consider that sort of possibility, however, is a luxury long denied New England football fans, and one not easily relinquished. Let's all be sure that the TV set with a case of Coors and enjoy it while it lasts. And if you based your past experience, might even be able to see next weekend if we're lucky.

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The $100K Question
A copy of this letter was sent to The Tech.

Five Ways For MIT To Spend $100K
1. The Status-Seeking, Show-off Method
2. The City Question
3. The City Question
4. The City Question
5. The City Question

Feedback
A copy of this letter was sent to The Tech.

Five Ways For MIT To Spend $100K
1. The Status-Seeking, Show-off Method
2. The City Question
3. The City Question
4. The City Question
5. The City Question

反馈
A copy of this letter was sent to The Tech.
Restoring the Great Court

Art for whose sake?

(Continued from page 4)
said for the tastes of the general public where visual art is con-
cerned; that a sculptured work can be viewed by the individual for-
ever without tiring of it; that there are visual artists endowed with a
talent known as Genius worthy of commanding 100K's for their efforts; that
college professors are vitally neces-
sary to interpret the mysterious ways of Genius for the masses; that these
Geniuses have an un-
canny knack for arranging shapes into certain magical equilibria
desired mortals in the profes-
sion; that the commissioning of art has always been undertaken by a small elite of farsighted
which the public
should buy visual art out of a snobbish desire to impress other people; and that one's level of
culture is determined by his will-
ingness to shout "Whoopie-do!" in knee-jerk fashion for those ar-
tists currently being canonized by the big shot art critics.

And you, Desirius, though MIT was nothing but a bunch of atheistic scientists and gray
economists Not any more. That was the old MIT; this is the new
MIT. We at MIT are now capable of going "Whoopie-do!" for Henry Moore (Nevelson, Calder,
etc.) with the best of them. Henry Moore!!! Right here at MIT!!!
Mr. Twentieth Century Sculpture has his very own self. You heard
right, Bubby. M.J. of T. The land of the bean and the cod where
naught but atheistic scientists trod. This is going to make believers out of a lot of people, believe you me. MIT has arrived!

2. The Educational Method —
Use a fraction of the money to
open up a new gallery on campus
to be stocked with copies of famous paintings and sculptures in foreign countries and at present
not easily accessible to MIT stu-
dents.

This method acts to make the point that, where visual art is con-
tem becomes sufficiently brazen to
ask whether or not their secular self-orientations are concomi-
taneous. The installation of the Moore sculpture in the Great Court was an act of consumerism of poor taste...

The only sensible solution is to
restore the Great Court to its pre-
August state. Hopefully, the
1977-78 version of the Committee
on the Visual Arts will not seek to
impart "balance" to the Court by erecting another one of these
"things", but instead allocate some of its funds to the restora-
tion of the Great Court. What greater legacy could we give us all?

James H. Williams, Jr.
Honorary Master of New House and
Assoc. Prof. of Mech. Eng.
October 1, 1976

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opinion cont. 
feedback

To the Editor:
I am in no way angry at our "heroes" who by erecting isolated things throughout the campus have proposed to obliterate artistic intelligence by rendering it a universal and egalitarian condi-
tion. Also, I rarely lie awake at night either angered or distressed by the fact that without really defining art, these "artists" have demanded penance without offering salvation. It is simply that when our subsidized heroes begin to confiscate portions of the Great (Killian, Du Pont, Lowell) Court, I who am forced to choose between ignorance and ditto-

HEADQUARTERS

- BOOTS
- PARKAS
- PEACOATS

CENTRAL WAR SURPLUS

433 MASS. AVE. Central Square
Cambridge
Good (almost) clean fun

By Peter Coffie

It's topical, it's stylish, it's slick and it will never be performed again despite the fact that it brought two full houses to their feet for five-minute standing ovations. It is, or rather was, the Junior Show of the Wellesley Class of 1978.

This year's production, "The Wrath of Grapes (or) All The Residence Women," drew its story from last year's flier over men in Wellesley dormitories and its structure from the film, "All The President's Men." The combination of a topic loaded with off-color puns and inside jokes with a line of development already proven a box-office success required only one additional element to yield a sure-fire hit: a junior class with the talent and energy to create, from scratch, a full-scale musical comedy.

That it is done well is remarkable. That it is done, and done every year, is still more so. That this year's show was acclaimed, even by seasoned veterans, suggests the accomplishment of a genuine tour de force.

Like all good fiction, the book for "The Wrath of Grapes" starts with a real-life situation and asks what if... In this case, the situation was the clone of "Paradise Lost," in which "representatives" of Harvard, Babson and MIT leapfrogged across the stage while making rhythmic noises out of each other's mouths. The problem was if only an active imagination could extract an occasional word. On balance, though, the script was better than good, particularly the scenes in the men's dormitories. But that "men in the dormitories" scandal was no more serious than history new suggests? What if he had masterminded the abduction of Wellesley's Director of Residence and her replacement by a psychotic Victorian prune? What if the girls got wise...

A lot of good, more or less clean fun, that's what. From the first musical number, "So You've Never Had a Beat," through the last sly dig — directed, if memory serves, at Smith College — "The Wrath of Grapes" left the audience with little time to do more than catch up with the triple line that has the first ten rows fall-off their chairs is a dozen times worse, and that problem was common to half of the orchestra and all of the balcony. This was particularly true during an apparently entertaining number called "Paradise Lost," in which "representatives" of Harvard, Babson and MIT leapfrogged across the stage while making rhythmic noises out of each other's mouths. The problem was if only an active imagination could extract an occasional word. On balance, though, the script was better than good, particularly the scenes in the men's dormitories.

Of course, there were more than a few jokes that the audience was wise to, and a crew of male exchange students referred to at Wellesley as "cocks" in a slight shift from "non-coeds." Famous names included Brad Cliffe, L.L. Bean, Dart Moose, Lesley Simons and Camerin Q. First (call him "Cal" if your stomach can take it) in residence, there's an encyclopedia of pre-written one-liners at the writers' disposal.

A high point of the evening was a song-and-dance number entitled "Henry Ford, Where Are You Now?" by the Freshmen Dancers.

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DNA panel granted extension

(Continued from page 3)

MIT’s situation with respect to the moratorium was essentially unchanged since the summer, since plans for compliance with the NIH guidelines would be complete now even if there was no moratorium.

The Cambridge Laboratory Experiment Review Board, which was set up by the Cambridge City Council at the time the moratorium was approved, requested that the moratorium be extended for another 90 days. The request was approved unanimously by the council.

Daniel Hayes, chairman of the Review Board, said that the extension was requested in order to give the Board more time to investigate the safety of the research, and allow it to examine the preliminary draft of the NIH Environmental Impact Statement on Recombinant DNA research, which was just released.

Acting Commissioner of Health and Hospitals Transilv L. Comunale informed MIT of these reasons in a letter to Milne dated Sept. 27.

Milne said MIT had not specifically asked for the extension, but that MIT understood the need of the Board.

“We have been cooperative with requests of the Board to explain the review procedure,” which is being set up at MIT to oversee recombinant research, Milne added.

Proven Walter Rosenblith said “we have always cooperated with the city, and intend to do so further.” He stated that once the safety questions raised by the moratorium were satisfied, the investigators should have freedom to do experiments.

MIT is making its facilities up to date, and hopes that by the time the renovations are completed, the City of Cambridge will give approval for the research involved, according to Rosenblith.

Luria said that as director of the CCR, he felt his responsibility was to “make sure that the facilities are available” for research, but that “what to do or not to do” in terms of actual research must be decided by MIT.
Golfers trounce BU; fall record now 3-2

By Leo Bonnell

(Joe Bonnell '77 is a member of the golf team.)

Playing under perfect weather conditions, the MIT golf team returned to its winning ways last month, soundly defeating Boston University by a score of 3-2. The Beavers' fall record now stands at three wins and two losses.

Medals for the Engineers were number four golfer Joe Bonnell '77, who scored a fine seven-over-par, and bestitioner performance over the troublesome Brae Burn C. C. layout. After losing the first hole to his BU opponent with a bogey, Bonnell won the next ten holes in a row to clinch the match point with seven holes remaining.

Other excellent performances included scores of 81 from Bob Knelland '77 and Mark Hughes '79, who both won their individual matches with ease. Mark Swenson '78 and Les Suna '79 also contributed to the MIT cause despite having more than their share of trouble from tee to green. Swenson won the last two holes of his match to finish one up, and Suna halved his last four holes to finish in a deadlock with his BU opponent.

By Gary S. Engelman

Under the enthusiastic direction of Coach Manny Weiss, the MIT women's varsity tennis team smashed Holy Cross 5-2 on Thursday, bouncing back from an opening loss to a strong Boston College team. The ability of the Engineers was shown even in that loss when the first doubles team of Anna Auerbach '77 and Stella Perone '78 handed the BC duo their first loss in five matches.

The Engineers performed remarkably against Holy Cross, winning four matches which went to sets. First doubles Auerbach and Perone, fourth singles Sheryl Brosh '80, and second singles Marcus Grubow '79 won their matches in spectacular fashion after losing the first set. Grubow fended off trouble in her second set, after losing the first 7-5. At that point she picked up her concentration and took five straight games, winning the set 7-5. The last set went more

W tennis tops Holy Cross

By Tom Curtis

Down by one point after the bottom half of the last inning, MIT's varsity baseball team put together a classic rally to defeat Emeron Jr. College 7-6, Friday evening. The win was consistent with a season victory over Bentley Thursday and a 5-0 loss to Massachusets Institute of Technology Community College Tuesday, evened the Beavers' fall record at 3-2.

As has been the rule lately, the Beavers began Friday's contest similarly, being bunted around in the first inning, scoring four unearned runs. Jay Coopider '79 walked, stole two bases, and scored an RBI single by Tom Coopider '80 to give MIT its first run in the second inning. The Beavers struggled for four more runs in the third to take the lead. Four stolen bases, three singles, one double, an error, and a wild pitch combined to produce this rally.

The Beavers "gave" Emerson a run in the fifth. Emerson's Mark Cofman reached first on a fielding error, and a wild pitch combined to produce this rally. Four stolen bases, three singles, one double, an error, and a wild pitch combined to produce this rally.

The Beavers "gave" Emerson a run in the fifth. Emerson's Mark Cofman reached first on a fielding error, and a wild pitch combined to produce this rally.

By John Hengedal

The Emerson team traveled to Hartford, Connecticut on Saturday to play Trinity College. It came away after a hard-fought 4-2 defeat in which both teams scored two goals for the Engineers. MIT got off to a poor start with a defensive lapse five minutes into the game. Trinity capitalized and went ahead, 1-0. Currier tallied four minutes later, with an assist by Tom Curtis.

The Engineers' second-half play was far stronger. After a scoreless first half, they scored a second penalty shot on what coach Walter Alasi called "a clearcut foul." Engineer goalie Tom Smith '79 was unable to stop the shot, and MIT was left trailing 1-0 at halftime.

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