Luria wins Nobel prize

By Steve Cahart
Professor Salvador E. Luria of the Department of Biology has been named a co-recipient of the 1969 Nobel Prize in Medicine.

Luria will share the prize with Dr. Max Delbruck of California Institute of Technology and Dr. Alfred Hershey of the Carnegie Institution of Long Island for their work in the study of bacteria and the viruses which attack them. Hershey is known for his work demonstrating the process by which viruses enable them to attack cells they could not previously enter. It is in this sort of mutation which periodically produces new, epidemic viruses that Luria is studying the mechanisms by which DNA is broken down and altered.

A large part of this work, Luria said, will be to bring together with the work done by Dr. H.G. Khorana, winner of the 1968 Nobel Prize in medicine, to bring together what has been working on the synthesis of nucleic acids, the building blocks of DNA, and what Khorana is synthesizing DNA.

In an interview Thursday, Luria said that his work in a trolley car in Rome in 1938 when he spoke to a professor who was working with bacteriophage and viruses which affect bacteria.

There were some length on the need for concern about the danger inherent in the work being done in his field, which could potentially be used to alter one's genetic structure. Although techniques of genetic engineering will provide enormous breakthroughs in the treatment of some diseases, the possibilities of using such techniques in such a way that those result in generations of genetic error could raise serious legal and ethical questions.

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The only honor there can be in illegal and immoral war is to be found in ending it quickly, and ending it with honesty, not subterfuge, charged President Jerome Wiesner at the Institute Convocation early Wednesday morning.

As an overflow crowd in Kresge including students in front of the Student Center listened to remarks by Wiesner, President Howard Johnson, Professor Philip Morrison, Judy Schwartz, and Steve Ehram '71 before embarking on the march to Boston.

Johnson once again expressed his opposition to the war in Vietnam, "So I speak today to say that this war is wrong and it must be ended. Along with a number of college presidents last Sunday, I acknowledged the cumulative costs of the Vietnam war are not in men and material alone; but there are costs, too, in the effects on young peoples' hopes and beliefs, and that this war stands in denial of so much that is best in our society."

Speaking to "the working people of MIT," Judy Schwartz, a secretary, asked "how many of us have thought about how the war affects us? It is our children who are driving our taxes, and our taxes and our taxes are being raised. Our health care, our housing, and our health services are suffering. And the cost of living rises every month."

"And why? Who stands to gain from the United States involvement? Why is it that the United States is always fighting wars, always fighting for self determination? Why do we always support governments that are always against the people?"

She went on to charge that it is time for the non-professional working staff to begin "considering the best way by which they can make their work if they truly want to put a halt to this war and every other war."

Speakers Steve Ehram '71 Provost Jerome Wiesner, Judy Schwartz, Howard Johnson and John Laramie opened meeting of Wednesday's pre-march Convocation.

Photo by Richard King

Spock cites Nixon flaw

By Peter Peckarsky
The special to The Tech
WASHINGTON, October 15 - Dr. Benjamin Spock has described President Nixon as "a man who could not possibly be doing his job." 250,000 people met on the Capitol steps Wednesday afternoon to demonstrate their opposition to the war.

The March on Washington for Peace and Freedom was organized by the Student Peace Union and the National Office for Student Peace Union.

The day itself dawned windy and gray and the stiff breeze swept through the crowd. Representative James Howard Johnson, Professor Salvador E. Luria.

Speaker after speaker echoed these sentiments and the crowd responded en masse. Nixon also came under attack for his recent remarks about the anti-war student protest. Speaking on the Capitol steps, Representative James Howard Johnson.

"I vote. The reason for the switch into the morning group of liberal Congressmen decided against a large-scale effort was the lack of black demonstrators. Then the 12,000 demonstrators joined Mrs. King, The Reverend Howard Johnson, Professor Howard Johnson, President John F. Kennedy, widow of the late Dr. Martin Luther King, and several hundred more in front of the Capitol. It was held to bear on the Administration to get the troops out of Vietnam now."

WASHINGTON, October 15 - The Moratorium on Flowering, as it was called, President Nixon as incapable of stopping the war due to his personal bias and hands-off approach to the war.

The noted anti-war spokesman spoke at one of the Moratorium rallies in Washington, George Washington University, Harvard University on to condemn the Chicago 8 trial as the vengeance of a political policy. Washington demonstrations were held in all major university campuses. 35,000 people gathered by the Washington Monument to hear Corleone Phillips, and the Reverend Howard Johnson. An overflow crowd in Kresge auditorium, both in political circles and the fringes of the crowd, "May 20th, Philadelphia March is going to be the biggest demonstration in our history." The weather was reflected in the march to Boston.

WASHINGTON, October 15 - The early closing touched off spontaneous sit-down on the campus, which could potentially be used to alter one's genetic structure. Although techniques of genetic engineering will provide enormous breakthroughs in the treatment of some diseases, the possibilities of using such techniques in such a way that those result in generations of genetic error could raise serious legal and ethical questions.

Wiesner: Nixon policy has far-reaching implications

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**Doug Taylor, B.S. Electronics Engineering '67, is already a senior associate engineer working in large-scale circuit technology. Aided by computer design, Doug is one of a five-man team designing integrated circuits that will go into IBM computers in the 1970's.**

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ON CAMPUS
NOV. 12, 13

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IBM
November Action planned

By Lee Giguere

A coalition of radical groups at MIT is preparing for "massive action" aimed at closing the Instrumentation Labs November 4.

While no definite plans have been made, the group is talking about "a day of massive action," an attempt to enforce a number of demands that people at MIT have been making.3 Mike Ansara, editor of the Old Mole and one of the organizers of "November Action" along with Mike Albert '69, feels that this could be done with "just a thousand demonstrators linking around with arms."

Area-wide effort

The November 4 action is part of an area wide effort to educate people about the aims of the coalition. While the I-Lab demonstration will be organized primarily by MIT groups, support is expected from people outside the Institute community. MIT groups already involved in the coalition are the RLSDS, SACC, the New University Conference, and the recently formed secretaries' group. The NUC is a national association of radical faculty, graduate students, independent intellectuals, and university employees. The secretaries' group was formed last week with the immediate aim of guaranteeing their right to take part in the Moratorium.

Support for NLF

According to both Albert and Ansara, the coalition's political line is the "immediate withdrawal of US troops and support for the National Liberation Front." Within this there is to be room for groups whose goals go beyond this immediate effort.

Attempt to gain support

For the first three days of November, present plans call for teach-ins, local rallies, and campus demonstrations. These will culminate in the I-Lab demonstrations on the fourth. The sixth and seventh are to be filled with local demonstrations in New Bedford, Fall River, and Lowell, along with demonstrations organized by high school students.

The hope of the coalition is to generate anti-war sentiment among working class high school and college students. The belief is that since these people are fighting the war, it is from them that support can best be gained for the anti-war movement.

Anti-draft protest

Finally, on November 5, there is to be a demonstration at a local draft board as yet unspecified. However, it is most likely to be either the area board in the Kennedy Building or an active local board.

A meeting was held last night to begin planning the week, but for the most part, demonstrations will not be carefully organized in advance. The emphasis is on letting those involved determine just what action is appropriate at each point.

(Classified to page 13)

### Commission favors action

By Ted Lichtenstein

"The Commission will be known not by what it says, but by what it does," summed up Professor Ken Hoffman, chairman of the newly-appointed MIT Commission, previously called the Commission on the Nature and Purposes of MIT Education.

Outlined at the first meeting last Tuesday, the Commission's goals are ambitious and far-reaching, yet include action on short-range problems facing the Institute.

A comprehensive up-dating and re-evaluation of MIT's educational purpose will be undertaken over the next two years. The commission plans exploration of methods of education, research, and administration related to society and self-regulating arrangements.

The commission will emphasize long-range solutions, programs worked out over a period of ten to twenty years. Yet the group recognizes the relevancy of work for short-range solutions. By considering problems in a broader context, piecemeal effort should be avoided. The commission's ability to act on short-term issues, emphasized Hoffman, will be an important test of its effectiveness.

Advisory group

The commission is an advisory group with no direct power, which Hoffman considers an advantage to be able to think strategically. He intends to keep from getting involved in critical situations. Hoffman expects this to be different from what's been going on at other universities; "Why? Watch and see."

Hoffman says people must know the commission really intends to come up with a plan. They must not think that there is nothing they can do to change things. The temporary office of the commission is in 39-225. Members of the community are encouraged to write or drop in with their views.

The commission meets today from 3 to 5 in 26-110, which will be its regular meeting place. Meetings will be open to the public, excluding exceptional cases. Permanent office headquarters will be set up closer to 26-110.

Johnson statement

President Howard Johnson, in an address to the commission, (Please turn to page 5)
The October Vietnam Moratorium has come and gone. Where do we stand?

The Moratorium turnout exceeded even the organizers' wildest dreams. It has demonstrated that the anti-war movement is on the verge of becoming (or perhaps has already become) a broadly-based, majority movement.

The Moratorium also demonstrated that many segments of the nation besides the academic community have come to realize that it has been the state which has been talking sense all along, not the government.

In the months ahead, we must capitalize on the momentum of October 15 to continue the anti-war movement more broadly than any which has gone before. In doing so, we must recognize that most of our new support will come from that vast ground of Americans who are confused and frustrated by the war, but have not yet come to see that withdrawal is the only solution. In seeking the support of these people, we must frankly admit that there are no perfect solutions to Vietnam, but that withdrawal is the least painful of the alternatives we have.

We believe that most Americans need a small nudge to induce them to join our movement. We must not shout at them; talking softly will be sufficient. The Moratorium Vietnam Moratorium Committee and the Student Mobilization Committee must not alienate potential supporters just when it is on the verge of enormous success.

People are beginning to realize that the true American patriot should support withdrawal. We should carry American flags, not NLF flags. We are in the process of rescuing our country from the false patriotism of the warmakers.

We wholeheartedly agree with those who say that the Moratorium movement does not focus on the real issue--American imperialism. However, it is a major anti-war movement which can educate people about the mistakes of our Vietnam policy is the best vehicle for educating the public to see the serious mistakes we are making elsewhere in the world.

We do not expect the events of Wednesday past to be the blow which will force the government to meet our demands. Based upon the success of October, however, we feel that this potential exists for November activities. The momentum, support, and organizational strength which we have built for October must be put to work immediately to build for a two-day Moratorium on November 13 and 14, followed by the March to Washington on November 15.

Nixon could ignore the chants on the Common. He has no choice. He may be able to ignore a million people in the capitol. We must give Nixon peace until he gives us peace.

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Behind the scenes

On moral bankruptcy

To the Editor:

Of all the paper, letters, and pamphlets which came into my hands with respect to the October 15th Moratorium, none was more welcome than the President's letter to the MIT community dated October 2nd. One of the American's who is confused and frustrated by the war, but has not yet come to see that withdrawal is the only solution. In seeking the support of these people, we must frankly admit that there are no perfect solutions to Vietnam, but that withdrawal is the least painful of the alternatives we have.

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On ignorance

On national security

By Bruce Schwartz

In a true spirit of scientific adventurousness, I conducted a study of all recent national security hearings that I could find. After a three day period of reading in the National Archives, I decided to "catch up on things."

I started with the hearings which had gone on for three days, and which at the very least, provided me with an indication of how the heat is being turned up at the present time. I read about fifty pages of testimony, and I was amazed to find that people had been talking about national security for a long, long time.

I found that there were two main categories of witnesses who testified on national security: one was the experts, and the other was the academics. The experts were the ones who testified on what national security meant, and they generally thought that it was something to do with military strategy. The academics were the ones who testified on how national security affected society, and they generally thought that it was something to do with economics.

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House bill threat to MIT

(Continued from page 3)

stated that he was optimistic about the bill and hoped its recommendations would take effect very soon.

He expressed pleasure that the commission is com- posed of young people, and that the commission's decision to have two undergraduate students strike him as a sign of the future of MIT.

Student members

Commission member Charlie Mann '72 stated that he is unhappy with the plan to include student participation in the commission's decision to have two undergraduate students on the commission rather than three. Wells Eddleman '71 is expected to bring this up at the next General Assembly meeting.

Hoffman will work full time on the commission for the next two years, and in reliance of all responsibilities in the Department of Mathematics, he was formerly Chairman of the Committee of Pure Mathematics.

Section 401

Mann is concerned that MIT professional education is dis- tended from actual practice of a profession. Some integrated job- type experience may be in order.

The commission starts with an indoctrination period during which the meeting schedule will be dense. Later there will be more task force and sub- committee work. The people on the commission will go out into the world to talk with people.

Hoffman says the commission has no intention of displacing existing structures or intends to work with the CEP.

The commission met from 9:30 am to 3:30 pm. Its first meeting was a somewhat ram- bling discussion on what to get down to the first in the inde- finition series, but Hoffman expects to begin acting soon.

Prof. William T. Martin, Chairman of the Faculty, and Chairman of the Planning Committee, presented the Planning Committee report, with the comment, "Use it as you wish.

The form of the commission's reports is currently undecided. Hoffman speculated they may be periodic short reports or recommendations for action.
Letters...

(Continued from page 4) 

Ron, and expressing his
confidence in the Movement, 
quoted a passage by Dietrich 
Bonhoeffer: 

"Who would deny that the 
German, again and again has 
done his utmost in bravery, and 
that his willingness to subordi-
nate his ego and to fisk his life 
to the interests of one of the few bases on which, after the Holocaust, his honor could have been rebuilt. Seen in such a light, and I personally cannot help myself from seeing it so, the speaking up of the Institute is a rather urgent and patriotic duty. Such speech is as much for the future as for its possible influence on current events. It is the seed of our honor.

One among us has reminded us that the Institute enjoys the state-granted privilege of tax exemption. He warns us that the privilege may be withdrawn if political statements were to be pronounced by the Institute. To those among us who would infer an invitation to silence from that, I commend a reading of the words of Pastor Dietrich Bonhoeffer:

"...Thus, the German never learned a decisive and fundamental idea: the necessity to act freely and responsibly even if it impaired his work and his calling."

Pastor Bonhoeffer was a member of the German Resistance. He was executed on the 9th of April, 1945, in the German concentration camp at Flossenbuz. The shame of the German universities may fade, Dietrich Bonhoeffer's word and, above all, his example lives.

Joseph Weizenbaum
Associate Professor
Electrical Engineering
and Political Science

CAMBRIDGE RALLY HITS WAR EFFORT

(Continued from page 1)

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(Continued from page 1) 

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METALLURGICAL ENGINEERING - Metallurgical departments of steel plants and manufacturing operations. Engineering and service divisions. Technical and supervisory positions in steelpmaking departments and rolling mills. Also: Research or Sales.

CHEMICAL ENGINEERS - Technical and supervisory positions in coke works, including production of by-

product chemicals. Fuel and combustion departments, including responsibility for operation and maintenance of air and water pollution control equipment. Engineering and metallurgical departments. Steelpmaking opera-
tions. Also: Research or Sales.

INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING - Positions in steel plants, fabricating works, and metalworking departments. Engineering and maintenance departments. Supervision of steelpmaking, rolling, maintaining, and fabrication operations. Also: Sales.

CIVIL ENGINEERING - Fabricated Steel Construction assignments in engineering, field erection, or works management. Steel plant, mine, or shipyard assignments in engineering, construction, and maintenance. Supervision of production operations. Sales Department assignments as line salesman or sales engineer (technical service to architects and engineers).

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OH! WHAT A LOVELY WAR

OH! WHAT A LOVELY WAR

CAMEL RALLY HITS WAR EFFORT

(Continued from page 1) 

The evidence, consisting chiefly of members of the Harvard academic community, re-
served its loudest cries of the night for author I.F. Stone. In a lengthy speech, Stone vowed his 
continued work for peace and 
called US involvement in South-

east Asia "a rear guard action."

He asked those students present 
who intended to canvass in Cam-
bridge and Boston to focus their
attack on the larger questions of US imperialism and not just on Vietnam. He said other military adventures abroad have also been mistakes, specifically in the Dominican Republic and Guatemala. Stone fears too many people are against the war only because we're losing and not on principle. He expressed his hope that people really have learned a lesson and that our experience in Vietnam will be the last of its kind.

Together with current events. It is the seed of our honor.

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emption. He warns us that the privilege may be withdrawn if political statements were to be pronounced by the Institute. To those among us who would infer an invitation to silence from that, I commend a reading of the words of Pastor Dietrich Bonhoeffer:

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OH! WHAT A LOVELY WAR
Troop withdrawal

(Continued from page 1)

"I think it is time that we found out what it is that we are running so smoothly. It’s time we stop letting decisions be made for us and decide for ourselves what we support."

Step by step, Nixon. Wiesner, speaking about the Moratorium, said that it was planned to help bring about an early end to the war. "When the President and those who back his view," he continued, "say that October 15 will not help achieve an early peace in Viet- nam, they have one kind of appearances play a major role." The voices of despair say that our protest stems from the recent disclosure that the United States involved itself without any request from that country’s government, and the widely held suspicion that the justification for our vast escalation of that war, the Gulf of Tonkin inci- dent, was at best an incredible intelligence and communication blunder and possibly even a delib- erate deception. The voices of humanity," he continued, "say that it is hard to be proud of our vast power punishing a tiny country that doesn’t know how to quit. They say that pride should not compel us to contin- ue the cause of destruction of the past five years. And al these voices are saying urgently and desperately that we should have the courage to face our mistakes and wrongdoings squarely."

About possible courses of ac- tion, Wiesner said that the only one suitable to him is to "stop on a very urgent timetable. All other courses have grave uncer- tainties. Nixon’s course," he ex- plained, "is to build up the South Vietnamese army until it can stand by itself, meanwhile slowly or swiftly withdrawing our forces. Past experience should not make up optimistic about this route. Because in any event we would end up with an endless commitment to support a military government of low attracting power."

The major point against a quick withdrawal, according to Wiesner, is the fate of the people who allied themselves with the United States. He suggested relocation to the US or another friendly Asian country as a pos- sible solution.

Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession. Their love grew, paused, renewed itself and became an obsession.
IOWA SCOUTS NAB 8 TONS OF GRASS
GRINELL, Iowa (LNS) - 100 Boy Scouts turned out for a "marijuana pull-in" recently under the sponsorship of the local law enforcement agency.
Equipped with samples of their prey, generously supplied by the sponsors, the industrious youths fanned out through the city and its environs with instructions to pull up the hemp and deposit it in the city dump.

The day's haul came to eight tons.
The "pull-in" was designed, Deputy Sheriff Gene Rodberg explained, to publicize the large amount of marijuana growing wild in Grinnell and throughout Iowa. The point being, Deputy Rodberg explains, that an informed citizenry is an enlightened mass and should destroy the dope on contact.

Iowa grass isn't highly regarded but it's still a possession bust, and Iowa lawmen have been known to pull people out of suspicious corn fields. Out of state youths have been blamed for the popular refining method involving boiling alcohol.

As the Scouts worked busily at their assigned tasks, a police guard was established to protect the freshly picked grass from possible seizure by dissident forces. "There've been a lot of people at the dump today," said one officer warily. Another, declining to give his name, commented, "Boy, how much could we sell that for in New York?" A fifteen-year-old Scout told reporters this was his first experience with the drug. Although he'd heard a lot about it, "I'll be sure to recognize it from now on," he offered.

IOWA SCOUTS NAB 8 TONS OF GRASS

The 17 days of Christmas. $357.

This year, ski all Christmas long in the European Alps. On one of our 17-day Ski Holiday Tours. Your choice of two weeks in Kitzbuhel, St. Anton, Zurs, St. Christoph, Lech, Bad Gastein, Zell am See, Obergrulg, Innsbruck, or Garmisch.

Plus round-trip Jets, hotels (double occupancy), some meals, tips, taxes and transportation to and from the ski resorts.
All for as little as $357. Based on a group economy tour fare from New York. (And we'll get you into the group.)

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Dear Pan Am: You're on. Send me your free booklet on Pan Am Ski Holiday

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Pan American World Airways
Ad hoc group recommends MIT housing welcomed

By Alex Makowski

Several students, frustrated by what they see as a gradual erosion of effective student government at MIT, met Tuesday night to develop some concrete proposals for improving the General Assembly.

The Ad hoc Committee to Discuss General Assembly Proceedings hopes to streamline and revitalize government here. The group’s suggestions will be presented to the delegates at the Tuesday meeting.

Secretariat

First, the ad hoc committee called for the creation of an effective Secretariat. It would handle such administrative details as publishing current lists of committee chairman and informing representatives of meeting times and places. Presently, the burden of fulfilling these responsibilities is carried by the Secretary General.

However, this measure will not reverse what the committee calls the disintegration of Assembly meetings. Roberts Rules of Order have been discarded, and there are no checks to see if a student voting on a motion is really a legitimate delegate.

Parliamentary

To remedy these problems, the committee proposed either a return to Roberts or the selection of a parliamentary qualified to oversee meetings. Roll call voting or assigned seating would simplify the task of validating votes.

The meeting closed with a discussion of some general improvements. The ad hoc group called for formal Agenda Committee meetings, as specified in the constitution, to lead a little more order to the Assembly meetings. The committee also asked that RLSIS vacate the UAP office.

By Bob Dennis

In beginning the long and complex process of seeking to implement its housing program announced for Cambridge last spring, MIT has encountered typical community prejudices and anxieties.

Surveys of residents near the Clarendon Avenue site in north Cambridge indicated initial opposition to the development of 150 new housing units. The community feared the effects of having many poor families enter the neighborhood and objected to the construction of a high-rise building.

As evidenced at a cordial tea held there recently, the community now seems satisfied with MIT’s latest plans. These plans call for a somewhat reduced number of units, for elderly citizens, to be developed in two separate low-rise structures on the site. A community store will also be constructed within the development.

Cambridgeport site

MIT last week agreed to delay filing petition for a zoning change for the Eric Street site in Cambridgeport. The Cambridgeport Planning Team supports, in principle, MIT’s Institute plans for up to 200 low rent units for both the elderly and families. The Planning Team refused to support a zoning change at this time, since MIT has not yet received a guarantee of the federal subsidies which would allow the low-rent nature of the project.

In the event that the federal subsidies were not forthcoming, the Planning Team asked for prior guarantees that MIT would not use the land for other purposes unless it had the approval of the neighborhood. Also, MIT would not sell the property for purposes other than low-rent housing for residents without violating the low-rent zoning density.

The Real Estate Officer, Antony Herrey said that the community’s fear of eventual high-rise luxury units is unfounded particularly because MIT is “the worst possible location” for such a development. He said that he expects no further substantial opposition from the community.

Chavez talks at Emmanuel; asks support of the people

By Harvey Baker

Amid tumultuous cries of “Huelga!” and “Viva la revolucion!” Cesar Chavez, famed leader of the striking grape pickers, spoke Monday night at Emmanuel College.

The focus of the Mexican-American’s speech was directed at the need for money to fund the migrant workers’ strike. The growers, said Chavez, have all of big business on their side and are receiving support from various right-wing groups and the Pentagon.

Shipments of grapes to sol-
dors overseas have increased 80%, said Chavez, and when asked to explain this drastic up-surge, he said it off as a sudden “craving for grapes” in the Orient. Additionally, while grape sales nationally are off 30%, the percentage of grapes in the market is up quite a bit, and so is consumption of raisins. All this indirectly hurts the maj or market, which is currently growers continue in their refusal to negotiate a fair contract, Chavez

The program opened with folk singing by a very young lady, identified only as Dolores, who led the crowd of about 300 in singing “Both Sides Now” and “Turn, Turn, Turn.” The general atmosphere of the meeting was reminiscent of the early civil rights work in the South, with repeated calls by all speakers for unity among people of all races, colors, and creeds.

Emphasis was on brotherhood, love, and non-violence. Said Chavez, “Non-violent will-power is necessary to endure the long months, months, and years ahead until we can see our struggle through to its victorious conclusion. I have no doubt that the people are on our side.”

Boycott

Terminating the boycott “an almost perfect means of non-violent struggle,” Chavez commented that by obtaining court orders prohibiting picketing, demonstrations, etc., the growers had practically forced the migrant laborers to adopt the boycott as their means with which to fight back. Convinced that all the major interests in this country are opposing them, the workers decided four years ago to “take their case to the people.” This has been their strategy ever since then, and will continue until a fair and equitable agreement is reached.

Employers contacted the grape pickers union last June, and entered into negotiations which lasted for three weeks; however, at the end of this time no progress had been made, so they were discontinued. The two men at these discussions were wages and health and safety con-

ditions. In addition, the growers offered a minimum wage to the workers passed a survey taken by the State of California which showed that 630 of 750 workers questioned suffered from one or more symptoms of pesticide poisoning.

Relax and Divert

Pocket Billiards

"Great for a Date"
The Coop Asks You to Vote

On about October 10 I am sending every Coop member a copy of the proposed revisions to the by-laws, a supplement explaining the revisions, and a ballot. The editorial in the September 27 edition of the Harvard Crimson, reprinted below, sums up the situation exactly. I urge every Coop member to cast a ballot.

MILTON P. BROWN
President, Harvard Cooperative Society
Professor of Retailing
Harvard Business School

The Coop Reform

LAST YEAR'S nearly successful coup at the Coop is beginning to yield results. Next month Coop members will have the chance to approve some long-overdue revisions in the Coop's by-laws. If at least 25 per cent of the members bother to return their ballots, the structure of the Coop can become more representative of the membership and open to future improvements.

The main changes proposed by a committee of the board of directors and already approved by the ten stockholders encompass:

- Democratizing the stockholders and board of directors to give students half the seats on each.
- Replacing the annual meeting with an election by mail.
- Allowing any member to run for the board if he can get a petition with 100 member signatures.

The amendments also implement a proportional voting system in which students will vote for student candidates and non-students (alumni, officers, employees) vote for non-students. Voting by mail with proportional representation will safeguard the Coop from a sudden takeover by a small number of members, while offering a way for minorities to have representatives on the board.

If no one petitions to be a candidate or if at least five per cent of the members don't vote, then, as before, all bets are off and the stockholders' nominations automatically take office. Even if nobody cares enough to run for an office this year, the structure will at least be there for the future.

The amendments offered by the Coop shift virtually all decision-making power from the stockholders, who are self-appointed, to the directors, who would more than ever represent the membership. The directors instead of the "trusted" stockholders would set the rebate rate, for example. While continuing to hold the 500 shares of Coop stock in trust, the stockholders will become no more than a nominating board for the directors.

If the Coop is ever going to change, now is its chance. To approve any amendment affecting the relationship between management and membership at least 25 per cent of the members must vote. Last fall about a thousand members expressed interest in changing the Coop; this fall at least fifteen thousand have to react. The management plans to publicize these changes widely and to allow voting by mail. Only about 30 per cent of Harvard's alumni ever bother to vote for the Board of Overseers.

NO MATTER what happens to the by-law proposals, the Coop is working to push the rebate back up. The rates this year have slipped again to 5.5 per cent for charge and 7.5 per cent for cash. Because of a new charge arrangement with Harvard Trust, the Coop will now be able to cut billing expenses.

The amendments offered by the Coop will provide a chance for Coop members to establish credit and for the Coop to cut expenses. The Coop's increased profits will flow to members, which, after all, is what a cooperative society is all about. — Alan S. Grismer Jr.

If you do not receive a ballot in the mail, please stop at any Coop store cashier's counter and pick up a ballot.

Ballots must be in by Nov. 7th!
Ignorance and the idiot box...

(Continued from page 4) "keeping up." In short, you're an ignorant idiot.

You may say, "I realize that I can't possibly know more than an infinitesimal fraction of what is going on in the world, but so what? How much of it concerns me? I know all that I need to know." That may have been true when you were in the cavern, brother, but it ain't so now. Back then you only needed to know about the tribe, the weather, the hunting and perhaps the terrain over the hill. That was what mattered to you, all that affected your life. Today, however, many more things influence your life. The Federal tax laws affect your life, industrial pollution threatens it, traffic congestion aggravates it. Richard Nixon infringes upon it; some can't all go to Saigon and check out the situation ourselves, we have to rely on the media.

So your view of the world—that is, THE WORLD, the big overview—can be likened to the way a man might perceive his surroundings if he were enclosed in a tomb equipped with TV cameras to the outside. His view is first, incomplete, because the camera only shows part of the landscape, and second, incorrect, because even the best color TV does not produce exactly true-to-life colors. Furthermore, his TV cameras are likely to be covered with filters, depending on the biases of the various cameramen. One screen has a red tinge, one a blue tinge, another a red white blue hue. And finally, the viewer himself has preconceptions that color everything as well as a selectivity that governs which screen he views.

Imagines the wretch who tries to keep tabs on matters which are of real concern to him. That means he must keep tabs on Congress, the President, the oil companies, the stock market, the changes in the tax laws affect your life. Influence your life. Here in Cambridge they may be building your next war. And quite possibly you'll never know it till it hits you, because you're an ignorant idiot, and you have no way to become wise.

Possible none of this is new to you. If that's the case, how is it that there are so many of us, right here at this marvelous intellectual oasis, that seem to be so damned sure what it's all about? The Corporation sits awhile, usually being called pigs, then complacently spins down to such—nothing is wrong! While others are absolutely certain that there's nothing worth saving, how can anybody be sure they've got it all psyched out? The next time you think you understand the big picture (as the Army likes to call it) start repeating, "I'm an ignorant idiot, an ignorant idiot, I am...."

Makes you feel humble, but a bit more amenable to reason. If it frustrates you that you can never really know what's going on in the world, think of your grandchildren. Think of a time when there are twice as many people and even more sophisticated technology. Assuming the world lasts that long, your grandchildren may envy you the simple life.

So there's a world out there. It's big and it affects you powerfully; you can at most know only about a fraction of it and when you try to respond to it, to affect it. Sometimes, it doesn't seem you, little man, can affect it.

In the last analysis, reality doesn't always fit neatly into the categories of our preconceived notions. The sets we're using are not always right for the program we're on. TV cameras are likely to be covered with filters, depending on the biases of the various cameramen. One screen has a red tinge, one a blue tinge, another a red white blue hue. And finally, the viewer himself has preconceptions that color everything as well as a selectivity that governs which screen he views.

This wretch is known as the intellectual oasis, that seem to be so damned sure what it's all about? The Corporation sits awhile, usually being called pigs, then complacently spins down to such—nothing is wrong! While others are absolutely certain that there's nothing worth saving, how can anybody be sure they've got it all psyched out? The next time you think you understand the big picture (as the Army likes to call it) start repeating, "I'm an ignorant idiot, an ignorant idiot, I am...."

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So there's a world out there. It's big and it affects you powerfully; you can at most know only about a fraction of it and when you try to respond to it, to affect it. Sometimes, it doesn't seem you, little man, can affect it.
Maybe the war will end
If two and two

and fifty make a million

By Bruce Schwartz
Salutation to ancestors: Frail unto Marchen on Washing-
ton, Exorcism of the Pentas-
gon, the Snows of New Hamp-
shire, the Siege of Chicago, and
Woodstock. It all memories pain
and fair.

Now: It began in the heat of
the summer, was honed in an
autumn month of demonstra-
tions and political jihadi-
fication was brought to fruition for
the idea of October. And we were
marchin' anymore. Liberal or
chickenshit radical, you could be
happy with October 15. No fear
of getting busted! No danger
well, not much) of getting your
head bashed! 'Cops wouldn't
dare take on 100,000... "No
lawbreaking!" Non-violent!
Peace! Love! Like returning to
the halcyon days of Hashbury.

So yours truly weighed in for
the good guys and manufacturers
posters and gave to meetings and
raps and winds up in E-21 the eve
of the M-day along with thirty
other pacific types grilling out
banners, posters, slogans, signs-
all the grist for the brand of
psychological antiwarfare we
students seem to excel at and
love too much. And on the other
side of the campus, the legend-
ary feverish preparation. G.C.
Thomas and a squad of partisans
silkscreening through the night.
Aversion, sleepless and running a
fever, manning the East Lounge
H.Q. Otto Fins preparing poly-
ethylene propoganda—plus a
cast of thousands, sleeping. Were
they dreaming of u (hagplums as
of the night before Christmas?

Or was it only the observer's
own anticipation that read ex-
pectancy into the chill, clear
night air—that made the empty
streets of Back Bay seem to be
waiting for the tread of mar-
ches?

And the observer
The observer, meanwhile, not
content to merely observe, made
an ass of himself constructing
drop posters and hanging them
on the Student Center where the
winds got ill them and destroyed
them before they ever saw sun-
rise. And his response: he went
to bed. His dreams he cannot
recall, but they may have been
of being among Happy Americans
demanding ends to American
marches on Winds?

And for all the publicity
about middle-class businessmen
joining in, this assemblage on
the Common nevertheless was
90% or more Woodstock and no
more than 1% Rotary. "We are The
Majority," the rostrum banner
said, a half empty boast as far as
voting strength goes, for this
majority was obviously not
much past 18. And the amount
of hair on these young heads
much past 18. And the amount
of hair on these young heads
may be representative of Boston
but not of Kansas or Camden,
N.J.

As Movement—well, I don't
know. The last-minute influx of
liberals and politicians may have
diluted it. But as carnival it
made it in the best surrealistic
tradition. There was SDS – RL
of MIT; and chapters from
Northeastern, Harvard, Boston
State—attempting to grab atten-
tion from the march which they
had not actively supported,
posturing militancy with NLF
flags and "No Ho Chi Minh", spicing the march with just a
bit of tension until the columns
met and the SDSers were lost in
a throng that outnumbered them
a thousand to one. There were
Plines; snags balloons—
where's the M# continent?
There by the phallic symbols'
Almost a revival
There were the vendors and
the hawkers—peanuts, popcorn,
Che, Mao? There was Baron von
Machausen's Flying Circus. One

(Almost to turn to page 15)

Students' Wives
Sore? Need Extra Cash?
Why not try
temporary office
assignments?
Be a gal-friday...
type, file.
Excellent hourly rates.
call Nancy Cole 357-8383

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your friends. And your luggage.
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for a budget. Even a frugal one.
You have three standard engine choices. Four,
Six. Or V8. Depends on how thrifty you want to be.
Nova comes one of two ways: Coupe or Sedan.
From there, your Chevrolet dealer can help you
put together any kind of Nova you want.
But plan on more friends.
And fewer fuel stops.
Putting you first, keeps us first.
**Announcements.**

*Attention all graduate students! A graduate student who is registered as a full-time student when he is entered at Caltech, Report for Induction may request that his induction be postponed until the end of the academic year. He should make the request in writing to his local board and ask the Graduate School Office (3-140) to send certification of his registration.*

*There will be a General Assembly Meeting Tuesday night in the Sala de Fuente Rivas at 8 p.m. An election for a member of the Executive Committee will be held with nominations coming from the floor at that time. The Agenda Committee will meet at 11 am today in W20-401.*

*Announcement of a new course offering: 15-951 Research Seminar in Education (1) 2-04 (Scheini). In this course, students conducting educational research or experiments (or those who intend to conduct such experiments in cooperation with the "Commission") are given academic credit for such research in a flexible, open format. The course itself is an educational experiment; those who participate in the course will generally determine the structure and procedures of the course. All students interested in enrolling must call Wells Edelson (x3161) or Edward Grossman (354-6981). The initial meeting will be scheduled this week. Enrollment will be limited, probably to ten or fifteen students.*

---

**WASHINGTON**

*It is a shameful thing* Zinn continued, "when a President of the United States says that he is not going to listen to 100,000, people who are gathered to protest against one of his policies. He may say that he is going to ignore us but we'll make sure he won't ignore us. The last President who said he would ignore us is now herding cattle on a ranch in Texas.*

The rally ended with a strong attack on Vietnamization policy by Peter Caneco of the Student Mobilization Committee. He drew one of the largest responses of the afternoon from a somewhat disillusioned crowd when he promised never to sell out the movement until the troops had come home.

While the demonstrators were filing out of the park and starting home, the national media began to analyze the results of the day of nationwide protest. Whatever its effect, the leaders of the Student Mobilization Committee were elated Wednesday evening. Wide no one had any idea of how much money had been collected, they were satisfied and were ready to begin the plans for the November March on Washington.

**POLICE EXPLOIT SEX IN NEVADA POT BUST**

**CARSON CITY, Nevada (13NS) — The Nevada Supreme Court ruled that female undercover police agents may use "sexual wiles" to combat trafficking in narcotics.**

*In a recent pot trial here, defense attorneys cried "unfair" over a nac named Shells using her "sexual wiles" to get into the gay's room where the dope was being sampled. During one of their trials, she opened the door to the police, who had no search warrant, and the case was won.*

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*Information on programs of Ford Foundation doctoral fellowships for black students, American Indian students, and Mexican American and Puerto Rican students is available from Mr. Michael Barry in the Graduate School office, room 3-134.*

*There will be undergraduates student positions open on the Faculty Committee on Academic Performance (CAP). The committee has power over the writing assignment, academic probation, disqualification (flunking out) and withdrawal. Its chairman is Prof. Campbell Staudt (4-106), and his executive is Jane Browning (26-213, x406). Students, especially those who have been or are on probation are urged to phone either Wells Edelson (x3161), 868-2134), chairman of the Nominations Committee, or Edward Grossman (354-6981), ex-tendent member of the Committee.*

*Elections to Rhodes Scholarships will be held in all states in December, 1969. Scholarships will also Oxford University in October, 1970. Interested male juniors and seniors (US citizens only) should contact either Prof. Gilbert Steng, 2-271, x2683 or x3496, or Prof. Robert Rotberg, 834-849, x3461.*

*Prof. David Wilson of the Mechanical Engineering Department will speak on "An Engineer in Nigeria" at an ASM meeting Wednesday, October 22, at 5 p.m. in the Bush Room. Coffee and doughnuts will be served after the talk.*

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**ANNOUNCEMENTS!**

**THE TECH**

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---

**A great selection. Limited supply.**
Golfers even season mark with 6½-½ victory over BC
By John Light
The MIT golfers ended their season record at 3-2-1 Tuesday at the Concord C.C. as they soundly defeated Boston College by a score of 6½ to ½. Solid scoring and good putting in the clutch situations brought about the lopsided score.

Leaving the way for Tech once again was Ken Smolek '70 who maintained his undefeated season record at 2-2 last Tuesday.

Andy Smith '72 and John Light '70 had the easiest time of any of these, stop in and talk to us next Tuesday evening. The issues at stake are too frequent and significant for the sensitive student news reporting and writing, features, entertainment and the arts, advertising, members from all classes who are interested in learning journalism and stands every Tuesday and Friday. happening on campus and makes you part of a publication - you can be proud about: Tuesday, 7:00 pm, in our -

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Also razor cutting and beard trimming
FOR APPOINTMENT, PHONE 564-5288
OPEN SATURDAYS

Nixon's foot in mouth
(Continued from page 4)

two Swiss newspapers, the New York Times and Le Monde, have asked that the United Nations mandate the withdrawal of foreign forces from all of Vietnam.

By John Light

ANDY SMITH '72 won the match.

Bob Armstrong '70 who sank a three-putt on the 16th hole, maintain his undefeated season at 2-2 last Tuesday.

Andy Smith '72 and John Light '70 had the easiest time of any of these, stop in and talk to us next Tuesday evening. The issues at stake are too frequent and significant for the sensitive student news reporting and writing, features, entertainment and the arts, advertising, members from all classes who are interested in learning journalism and stands every Tuesday and Friday.

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November Action hits Imperialism
(Continued from page 3)

The purpose behind the timing of the November Action is to build on consciousness developed by the Moratorium. While the coalition supports the Moratorium just as it does any anti-war action, its members feel that the war is not enough. Their viewpoint is that American imperialism is the cause of the war and Third World repression, must end.

Anissa sees November Action as the first step of a movement aimed at ending American imperialism. The Movement Anissa describes, with the present coalition as its vanguard, would be a revolution. The way the Movement plans to accomplish this through canvassing, teach-ins, and the example of their own actions.

Something is happening on the campuses of this nation. It is here that the first serious efforts are being made to grapple with the problems that society must solve if we are to survive the next decade and build a decent society. The issues at stake are too frequent and significant for the sensitive student, you must not ignore. If you have been looking for a way to find out what is happening and understand the changes going on about you, consider The Tech.

The Tech's staff not only knows what is going on; they know why things happen and what things are happening to all of the students. This is why we don't want to talk about. Joining any one of our staffs puts you in the middle of what is happening on campus and you are part of a publication you can be proud of. Nothing quite matches the feeling of seeing your efforts on the news stands every Tuesday and Friday.

There are now openings on all of our staffs. We are seeking now staff members from all classes who are interested in learning journalism and business with a friendly, cohesive group of students who know where it's at. News reporting and writing, features, entertainment and the arts, advertising, business, layout and production; if you feel you might like to try your hand of any of these, stop in and talk to us next Tuesday evening.

Come and find out what we're about: Tuesday, 7:30 pm, in our 4th floor Student Center offices

The Tech
love, sweat, truth, and a little bit of newsprint
By Jay Zager

Last Tuesday at an informal gathering of coaches, captains, and managers, varsity soccer coach Bill Morrison brought up the subject of spectators at MIT sports events. Citing the poor publicity given to all athletic contests, Coach Morrison reasoned that a more active publicity campaign would guarantee an increased attendance at his soccer games, as well as other sports activities.

Morrison's basic premise— that current publicity is poor— is correct. As of now, news of up and coming athletic activities are hard to find. The Tech is usually the best source of information regarding team schedules. A second information medium is the Institute Calendar where sports events occupy about a half column on the inside. DuPont will furnish team schedules on request, and three of MIT's ten managers have mimeographed copies of their team's schedule. The basic fault in this type of publicity is that the individual student must take the initiative if he is to find out what's going on.

How many Techmen actually plan to attend sports events? The few random spectators usually found at a fall baseball or soccer game are people who happened to be walking past Briggs Field or even more commonly they are friends of one or two of the players. Generally, these people will not know much about the game. In the case of Briggs Field, there are few, if any, people who have been running without the presence of spectators.

If people will not seek out information about MIT sports events, and if the coaches are really concerned about attendance, then a more effective publicity system is needed. Two years ago, in advance of a baseball game between MIT and Harvard, Coach Morrison used a part of his course project to screen two hundred posters announcing the game and distributing them throughout the Institute. People all over the school realized that there was a game. As a result attendance at that game reached about 100 people. Most of these people were attending the event for only two or three of the scheduled games, but the fact remained that they had come to see what was happening. At the football game, no such posters were displayed, and attendance reverted to five or ten people.

Viewing an MIT sports event, especially during the week, could be described as a planned activity. People will simply not study the schedules and reserve time to see soccer or baseball games. Generally, these people will not want to attend a particular sports event has some important meaning (like last year's baseball game between MIT and Harvard, three sophomores as part of a course project screened two hundred posters announcing the game and 246 people attended). The Techmen who batted .296 for the ballgame and formed the better than three divisions in an east wind. He'll see his pitchers get hit on a neat six hitter as he strikes out eleven batters, while walking only four. And he'll see his fielders playing flawless baseball at positions they've never played before.

For Fran O'Brien and his Engineers, a win was a reality as MIT turned back Massachusetts Bay Community College for the second time this week. The game, a 2-0 victory played last Monday on Briggs Field and completed the fall baseball schedule.

By previous agreement MBCC served as the home team, and the bottom of the third they took their only lead of the game. A first base single by MBCC's second baseman was followed by a one out single through a drawn infield. Two run balls and another single gave MBCC their run.

Tech rallies in sixth

The Techmen stormed back in the top of the sixth. Ken Wellnitz '71, the sophomore shortstop that batted .296 for the fall season, led off with a single to left. Catcher Moose Freyberg '70 tried to run the1 overs, but MBCC's catcher fielded the third single of the inning to throw was a little high, and as it drifted into center field the, DSLA-400 fourthed. Steve Frenz of MIT turned that into a run. MBCC's first baseman Art Kilumyn '72, MIT's leading hitter, fell further, hit .304, hit a double. Six, which doubled the chalk dust on the left hand fielders as they ran scored, but Kilumyn, who is not threat to Tommie Agee or even Boston Red Sox as he at least tried to stretch his hit into a double.

MBCC hit added runs in the eighth and ninth innings. Weis-...