Two Senators to Retire, Page 2

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Cooperation Key For Environment

By Ranny Arnoux
STAFF REPORTER

Addressing the question of who should be responsible for the environment, discussion at the Industry Summit’s plenary session on Saturday “Ecological Governance: Who Is in Charge?” centered on the importance of international cooperation, the prospects for the success of sustainable development, current environmental problems, and the changing relationship between the environment and mankind.

In his introductory comments, Harvard University President Neil L. Rudenstine emphasized that the world has nearly no knowledge of or experience with managing the environment. He raised many practical questions, such as who should be in charge, who should make decisions, on what basis, and to what cost, and what to do.

Resolving these questions will represent the “classic case” of governmental application on the international scale,” he said, and will require extensive policy recommendations from industry, government, and environmental groups. The world has to study, to learn, and to know, he said.

Coordination essential

The panel generally expressed the view that international coordination of environmental policy is not simply important, but essential to environmental management. Rudenstine explained that the environment is not the nations can face individually. “Environmental problems travel,” he said.

For example, air and water pollution generated in one country can spread to other countries through natural occurrence, he said. One of the world’s worst environmental problems, ozone depletion over Antarctica, is the result of pollution produced in distant industries.

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Student Loan Reform Approved

Institute will not participate in direct lending initially

By Rishi Shrivastava

President Bill Clinton succeeded in keeping his campaign promise to America, as you wish when Congress approved the Student Loan Reform Act in early August. This policy changes the procedures under which Stafford loans are authorized.

Under the new plan, universities are given the option to lend money directly to students. MIT plans to use this savings to benefit students by reducing the cost of attending MIT. MIT will not participate in direct lending next year, but will instead monitor the program’s progress, according to Stanley G. Hudson, director of student financial aid.

The Student Loan Reform Act’s impact on MIT students could be significant. Hudson estimated that as many as 45 percent of MIT undergraduates receive Stafford loans, which would be affected by the law. Across the country, Stafford loans will be replaced by direct lending.

“Theoretically, it is very promising,” Hudson said.

The new system is designed to allow the direct lending to be mandatory for all colleges. As Madeleine Kunin, U.S. deputy secretary of education, said in at the press release, “Schools that do not wish to originate loans may use the services of alternative loan originators... at no cost to the institution.”

Schools that do create loans will be financed by the government, she said.

The Department of Education will also help these schools and private lenders, who will compete for customers in an environment of free market competition. This differs remarkably from the status quo, under which lenders often require students to pay a flat rate that is “3.1 percentage points above the Treasury bill rate,” Kunin said.

The new system corrects the inefficiencies of the old by eliminating the involvement of the middleman. This helps students because it is possible before,” Lippman said. Broadcasting will shift from “narrowcasting — broadcasting toward the wants of a group,” to “poincasting,” Lippman said.

“The scale of this transformation is immense,” Lippman said. However, he noted that three changes are not the result of “a technological push,” but of “a societal movement”.

Library System Will Be Replaced by July

By Matt Mucklo

By July 1994, MIT’s libraries will have switched the current library operating system to a new and more powerful one.

Greg Anderson, associate director for library systems and planning, said the switch-over as a “real change in the technology base of libraries, a move towards a more open and friendly environment for students.

The new Horizontal software, which emphasizes a graphical user interface, should help make the learning curve a little less steep, Anderson said.

The current Barton catalog system is difficult to use, according to many students. It is very confusing for a first-time user, said Anna D. Lukasik ’96. She said she had to take a mini-course in order to become familiar with it.

System works directly with Athena

MIT’s libraries have worked jointly to select the system most amenable to the needs of the libraries and students.

The selection process began with eight original vendors under consideration; by this summer, the list had been narrowed down to three; and through a series of on-campus interviews and demonstrations, they unanimously decided upon the Horizon system produced by NOTIS Systems Inc., of Evanston, Ill., Anderson said.

By Eric Richard

As television signals move from the analog to the digital domain, speakers at last Friday’s “Televisions Tomorrow” session of the Industry Summit predicted a massive transformation in the way people view television and in the way that information is presented.

Within five years television signals will routinely be distributed digitally, said Andrew B. Lippman, “Television will be changing from individual, charge exorbitant interest rates and often accrue unreasonable profits at the expense of the borrowers, according to government press releases.

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The Tech’s coverage of last weekend’s Industry Summit concludes with this issue. The summit, sponsored by the World Economic Forum and MIT, held sessions at MIT and Harvard University from Sept. 9 to 12. The summit brought together leaders in industry, government, and academia to discuss the future of industrial development.
Admiral Howe Helpful Clinton Will Keep Aiding Aidid Manhunt

WASHINGTON

Document security within the Justice Department and FBI is so lax that congressional investigators were unable to track documents and papers moving between the two agencies, according to a report by the General Accounting Office.

The study, a copy of which was provided to the Los Angeles Times, also found that the FBI failed to take disciplinary action for many of the 4,400 violations that its own security patrols uncovered during the interview that plans for the apartment, he said, his government had not allowed him to do so, but he added that people trained in riot control, "but what we are up against is a new situation that these people use crowds as weapons." Howe replied, "Let's hope it doesn't come to that."

Today: Mostly cloudy and a bit warmer. Rain or rain showers possible. High 74°F (23°C). Low around 60°F (16°C).

A stalled front lying south of our area, will be the focus of precipitation today. The winds will be out of the north, but with our persistent weather pattern, any precipitation will be light. The winds will be out of the north, but with our persistent weather pattern, any precipitation will be light. 

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President Clinton, inaugurating his second term, reflected on postelection campaigns with glib talk from talks that he will "put a face on the human condition that, in an emotional Rose garden press conference, Clinton said, "I want the American people to know what it's like to be a Westerner they need the additional costs..."

The return of Gaidar suggests no compromise at all. Instead, it is a public statement that the president was forced to agree to for Yeltsin's sake. At first Yeltsin accepted Lobov's program, but that infuriated...
LSC Poster Is Off Target

I would like to draw the attention of the MIT community to a recent poster displayed around campus. According to four women trying to get students to join the Lecture Series Committee, the reason I point out this particular poster is that three of the women in the poster are holding guns in their hands with their fingers on the triggers. Obviously, if they had ever taken basic pistol at the indoor range in DuPont Gymnasium, then they would know that they were mishandling the firearms.

These young women could have also asked any member (or even our coeditor) of the pistol and rifle teams for help with the ad, but instead they proceeded to have their pictures taken with their fingers on the triggers! I am sorry to see how greatly these students have been affected in their first rule of gun safety: “Never put your finger on the trigger unless you are ready to fire.”

It is cases like these that incorrectly make people think that having a firearm is a glamorous thing. I resent the act that avid gun-owners think that all people who own firearms treat their guns in this fashion. I am an avid recreational shooter and fight hard to protect my right to own guns, but when things like this occur, I feel it is necessary to alert the MIT community to a recent poster displayed around campus.

Deborah A. Forda

Moving and Storage Can Be Precarious

Many area college students were affected by the recent bankruptcy of a local storage company, namely the Castle Moving Company. As an avid recreational shooter and fight hard to protect my right to own guns, but when things like this occur, I feel it is necessary to alert the MIT community to a recent poster displayed around campus.

Deborah A. Forda

Opinion Policy

Editorials, printed in a distinctive format, are the official opinions of The Tech. They are written by the editorial board, which consists of the chairmen, editor in chief, managing editor, executive editor, news editor, and opinion editor.

Opinions, written as such and printed in a distinctive format, are the opinions of the signed members of the editorial board choosing to publish their disagreement with the editorial.

Letters to the editor are welcome. They must be typed, double-spaced and addressed to The Tech, P.O. Box 29, M.I.T. Research, Cambridge, Mass. 02139, or faxed to (617) 253-4455. Electronic submissions in plain text format may be mailed to letters@the-tech.mit.edu. All submissions are due by 4 p.m. two days before the date of publication.

Letters and cartoons must bear the author's signatures, addresses, and phone numbers. Unnamed letters will not be accepted. No letter or cartoon will be printed anonymously without the express prior approval of The Tech. The Tech reserves the right to edit or condense letters; shorter letters will be given higher priority. Once submitted, all letters become property of The Tech and will be returned. We regret we cannot publish all the letters we receive.

To Reach Us

Electronic mail is the easiest way to reach any member of our staff. Mail to specific departments may be sent to the following addresses on the Internet: ad@thes.technol.mit.edu, news@thes.technol.mit.edu, sports@thes.technol.mit.edu, arts@thes.technol.mit.edu, photos@thes.technol.mit.edu, circ@thes.technol.mit.edu (circulation department).

For other matters, send mail to general@thes.technol.mit.edu, and it will be directed to the appropriate person.
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*** Benny & Joon
Aidan Quinn and Mary Stuart-Masterson star as Benny and Joon in this offbeat romantic comedy. Joon is mentally ill and spends most of her days painting and eating peanut butter. Benny is her guardian and only family. Sam (Johnny Depp) is their new housekeeper, whom Joon "wants" in a poker game. Quinn and Stuart-Masterson hold their own and provide a dramatic side to the story as we watch their relationship grows apart throughout the movie. But it is Depp's performance that steals the show with his outrageous antics and expressions. Depp's completely unpre-
dictable actions will make you laugh and provide a humorous look at the often-ignored subject of mental illness. — Patrick Mahoney, LSC Saturday

*** The Firm
Director Sydney Pollack has assembled a fine ensemble cast in this screen adaptation of John Grisham's The Firm. Mitch McDeere (Tom Cruise) graduates from Harvard Law School and accepts a huge salary from a small Memphis, Tenn. firm. He discovers the firm works for the mob and develops a risky plan to expose the firm without going to jail or getting killed (with a little prodding from the ultimate special effect - a train and bus blows, eventually leading up to a taut climax and a satisfying ending. For once, the hype was worth the wait. — Deborah A. Levinson.

The Firm, a drama about the American family. On the Screen, Page 9

Craig Sheffer, Brad Pitt and Tom Skerritt star in A River Runs Through It, a drama about the American family.

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Welcome Back

By Jim

By Jim

By Jim

By Jim
Mitch McDeere (Tom Cruise) discovers his new law firm is not what it appears to be in "The Firm." Playing his colleague, Viewing Rose, British and Australian films (including My Brilliant Career), he starts to see Neill, a talented actor and star of many British and Australian films, as a potential romantic partner. The result is a love triangle between McDeere, Neill, and a new character, Marcia (Anjelica Huston), who is introduced to the firm as a potential partner. The film is notable for its depiction of the legal world and the personal lives of its characters. It features a talented cast and a strong script, making it a must-see for fans of legal dramas.

On the Screen, from Page 7

archaeologist and his paleobotanist girlfriend, the dinosaurs, both animatronic and computer-generated, are clearly meant to be the stars of the film. Most realistic of the menagerie is the sick triceratops lolling on her side; least, the archaeologist and his palcoboLanist girlfriend, rambling Rose,. The result is a love triangle between McDeere, Neill, and a new character, Marcia (Anjelica Huston), who is introduced to the firm as a potential partner. The film is notable for its depiction of the legal world and the personal lives of its characters. It features a talented cast and a strong script, making it a must-see for fans of legal dramas.

The Commencement Committee invites suggestions for the guest speaker at MIT’s Commencement Exercises on Friday, June 30, 1994 from all members of the MIT Community. The Commencement speaker should be one who will be able to address topics of relevance to MIT. Written suggestions may be dropped off at the following locations:

- Undergraduate Association Office
  Room 20-201
- Graduate Student Council Office
  Room 20-222
- Information Center
  Room 20-712

The deadline for suggestions is Friday, April 17. In addition, suggestions may be filed with Mr. Caryl B. Whitehouse, who is responsible for selecting a Commencement guest speaker. All suggestions will be reviewed and a list will be submitted to the Commencement Committee for consideration. The list will not be made public nor will it be ranked ordered. The responsibility and authority for selecting a Commencement guest speaker and issuing an invitation will rest with the Commencement Committee.
Session Investigates Design and Manufacturing

By Eva Moy

Industry is increasingly recognizing the success of concurrent engineering and implementing its use in design and manufacturing, which span most of the product development process.

Two of the sessions at the Industry Schmoo last weekend addressed this issue. "Design: The Next Imperative of Industrial Competitiveness" featured panelists Woodis C. Flowers, PhD '73, professor of mechanical engineering, G. Glenn Gardner, general manager of large car platform engineering at Chrysler Corp., Peter G. Lawrence, chairman of Corporate Design Foundation, and Session Chair Thomas L. Maganti, professor of management science and co-director of the Leaders for Manufacturing Program.

Gardner, professor of management and manufacturing at MIT, discussed Chrysler's LH team at Chrysler that experimented with a platform team design structure to increase competitiveness.

The LH team reduced the development time from 4.5 to 3.5 years and was able to represent a savings of $42 million. The overall product came in under budget, he said. Individual members had their own goals, responsibilities, authority, and plans for profitability. Non-critical items, such as briefings and coordinators, were removed from the critical path. The technical level, not managerial level, now made the decisions, Gardner said.

The LH team also rejected the "throw-over-the-wall" approach, where each section of the company worked independently. Instead, it brought together suppliers, and design, engineering, manufacturing, and marketing sections from the beginning, he said.

"Customer needs must come first. "The product is the object at the intersection of the company and the user," Lawrence said. A company must "operate as if the final customer was the only one." With personal and company goals given lower priority, Gardner said, "The customer is always the one at the table with you." Chrysler needed to make changes in its corporate structure to survive, much less compete, Gardner said.

"The overall product came in under budget, he said. Individual members had their own goals, responsibilities, authority, and plans for profitability. Non-critical items, such as briefings and coordinators, were removed from the critical path. The technical level, not managerial level, now made the decisions, Gardner said.

Gardner described Chrysler's LH team as "the one that stood out," with personal and company goals given lower priority. "The customer is always the one at the table with you." Chrysler needed to make changes in its corporate structure to survive, much less compete, Gardner said.

The LH team reduced the development time from 4.5 to 3.5 years and was able to represent a savings of $42 million. The overall product came in under budget, under target, and had better fuel economy. Lawrence also emphasized concurrent education, citing programs at MIT such as the class Design Projects (2.73), the Leaders for Manufacturing Program, and the New Products Program.

Design and manufacturing tools

Cooperation between design and manufacturing is especially important, both for total preventive maintenance and design for manufacturability and assembly, Lawrence said.

"In the design process, it is more costly to do things the wrong way than do things right," he said.

Designers use tools such as the House of Quality and Quality Function Deployment, which correlate customer demands with engineering attributes. Using computer-aided engineering and computer-aided design, parameters can be changed and redesigned with a single keystroke.

Even with this technology, designers still need to consider trade-offs between analysis and testing, risk and comfort, and method and form. Flowers said. Manufacturing engineers also need to consider customer cost, quality, speed, and flexibility at the manufacturing processes, Lawrence said.

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Sessions Focus on Health Care Crisis and Reform

By Sarah Y. Kellogg

Health care, a hot topic with President Clinton on the verge of announcing his new plan, was the focus of two interactive sessions during last weekend’s Industry Focus of two interactive sessions at the Sloan School of Management, opened by saying that there is a "diversity of interest in health care." The diverse membership of the panel, which included representatives from medicine, industry, academic, and insurance, supported Reimhildt’s statement.

Uwe E. Reinhardt, James Madison professor of political economy at Princeton University, said that one dimension of the crisis is cost. In the 1970s, health care costs increased rapidly in all developed nations, he said. By 1980, most of these nations — except the United States — had grasped the need to control health spending to the growth of their gross national product. According to Reimhildt’s graphs, if health spending were to increase at its current inflation rate, by 2000 it will be 18 percent of our GNP, by 2050 it will be 49.6 percent, and by 2100 it will be 81.5 percent.

Robert Mann, Michael D. S. Dukakis, David L. Wollman, and Samuel O. Tahir discuss the future of medical care at a Saturday session of the Industry Focus.

U.S. health spending were to increase at its current inflation rate, by 2000 it will be 18 percent of our GNP, by 2050 it will be 49.6 percent, and by 2100 it will be 81.5 percent.

**Toward the end of the session, Berndt noted that the speakers focused on two themes: cost versus benefit analysis, and reform that is already occurring outside of Washington.**

**Benefits versus cost**

The panelists agreed that the high cost of health care was detrimental, but that quality needed to be maintained while reducing costs. Stephen Brown, chairman of John Hancock Mutual Life, said, "We need to find a way to measure benefits, as well as cost... but will lower cost lead to a sacrifice of quality?"

The main problem is that the health care benefit is being used up by higher cost-payers, stated Jerome H. Grossman, chairman of the New England Medical Center and professor of medicine at the Tufts University School of Medicine. It is the "largest drag on economic growth" for individual companies, he said. "Regarding what comes out of the government, the general policy change will go because we can’t tolerate this rate of inflation," and the idea is "we’re moving to a ideas for the future of health care in the United States."

"We need to reward and sanction performance that has quality and efficiency," Grossman said. "Care delivery is going to be the key."

The future of health care is that there is no standard by which providers and customers can measure quality," said John W. Brown, president of Stryker Corp. "High quality health care at reasonable cost is not the experience we are used to. It’s not that we’re giving too many dollars, rather it is the time spent writing, scheduling, etc."

"The problem with health care is that the money spent on health care is not necessary," he said. A lot is spent on administrative work, he continued, "It’s not that we’re giving too many dollars, rather it is the time spent writing, scheduling.

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| Peppers   | Sausage | Peppers | Onions | Mushrooms | Cheddar Cheese | Feta Cheese | Provolone Cheese | Ham | Romano Cheese | Bacon | Grilled Beef | Jalapenos | Spinach | Turkey | Vegetarian Chicken | Green Olives | Broccoli | Pineapple | Linguica | Hot Sausage | Anchovies | Galician | Roast Beef | Peppers | Salsa | Peppers | Pineapple | Black Olives |
| Sm.       | Lg.     | Sm.     | Lg.   | Sm.     | Lg.           | Sm.         | Lg.              | Sm. | Lg.          | Sm.  | Lg.         | Sm.      | Lg.    | Sm.   | Lg.               | Sm.         | Lg.     | Sm.     | Lg.     | Sm.     | Lg.     | Sm.     | Lg.     | Sm.     | Lg.     |
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**Salads**

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<th>Garden</th>
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<td>Tuna</td>
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**ExtrAs**

| Pizza Slices | ........................................... 1.25 |

*(All Prices Plus 5% Tax)*
Digital Media Force Changes in Artists' Work

By Eva Moy

Even art was featured at the Industry Summit held last weekend. The interactive session, "Art, Technology, and Business in the 21st Century," described how rapid technological growth has and will affect art. Recent developments in digital technology have facilitated the creation, recording, and distribution of art work. But they also raise questions of artistic control, intellectual property rights, and the relationship of the copyright to the artwork and its copies. "With the growing importance of digital media in the art world, [there is] a need for new sorts of organizational structure," both in terms of capturing art and supporting artists, said William J. Mitchell, dean of the School of Architecture and Planning and chair of the session.

Digital imaging is less expensive than non-digital imaging, in terms of overhead, storage costs, and physical retrieval of the artwork, said panelist Michael Esen. In addition, it also provides better security and multiple-use access, he said. In addition, digital images are "immune to subsequent deterioration." On the other hand, some artists, said William J. Mitchell, dean of the School of Architecture and Planning and chair of the session, are concerned that digital images can also be combined to create a complete record of the work. "The image is just one more description of a work of art," Esen said.

Government, industry play roles

"The government and corporations complement each other in the support of artists and their work. The government can promote art and artists by providing incentives and disincentives, manipulating and redressing systems of property rights, and providing information," said Mark Schuster, associate professor of urban studies and planning. In the United States, art institutions can receive financial support through federally-funded grants which match the amount already raised through private means. But in some countries, like Germany, corporations pool their money together to support these institutions, Schuster said. Perhaps they "didn't feel they had the expertise [to sponsor] on their own," but still wanted to make a contribution, he said.

Sometimes government agencies may create autonomous organizations to promote cultural events. These organizations are kept "at arm's length from the government" to try to appeal more attractive to private supporters who may otherwise be wary of the government's use of the money, Schuster said. For example, the Boston 200 Corporation was created to raise money for Boston's 200-year anniversary celebration.

Digital imaging will promote even quality archival quality still must be developed, Esen said. In a digital system, text and images can also be combined to create a complete record of the work. "The image is just one more description of a work of art," Esen said.

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Panelists Consider Changes
In the ‘Television of Tomorrow’

Television, from Page 1

either are the result of a “conver-
gence of technology,” since many
technologies are reaching the point
of technology,” since many
vices like video-on-demand provide
market which will subsidi-
be paid for.

Panelists agreed that new ser-
vies like video-on-demand provide a
massive market which will subsidi-

In the “Television of

Panelists agreed that new ser-
vices like video-on-demand provide
massive market which will subsidi-

routines and the elderly,” he said.

In one experiment, an individ-
ual’s purchases at a supermarket
were used to predict when the op-
timal time would be to direct adver-
sesments to him, Carberry explained.
“What is not clear is whether people
are going to know that they

September 17, 1993

GE “Smart” Health Care Plan
Uses Managed Care, Prevention

Health, from Page 11

became responsible for health care
cost about 50 years ago, he said. In
the late ’70s and ’80s, there were
double-digit increases in health care
spending, he continued.

GE decided to be a “smart pur-
chaser for health care,” and look to
institutions to see how they
purchased their goods. Galvin said
GE’s solution was to use man-
aged care, such as a health mainte-
nance organizations, where patients
pre-pay and can only see a specific
group of doctors.

According to Galvin, because 50 or
60 percent of diseases are pre-
ventable and related to risky behav-
ior, such as smoking, the compo-

Former Massachusetts Governor
Michael S. Dukakis said that the
United States is the only country
that does not require a primary prac-
titioner to refer the patient as a
guide. Instead, most people see
specialists. “A lot of people in this
country are very spoiled,” he said.

Referral “will require patience,”
Dukakis added, “There is going to
be an impact on the legal system and
politi-
cal problems, Dukakis said. The
health alliances that the Clinton
administration is proposing are
going to have a lot of political and
economic cloud, he said.

Dukakis said he supports much
of Clinton’s plan, but is “wary of
[the health alliances]” because of
their economic cloud.

Call The Tech News Hotline:
253-1541
Panelists Agree International Effort Needed for Environment Improvement

Environment, from Page 1 of article:...global agreements. Although the panel agreed that certainly a need for international cooperation exists, the environment is "neither necessary nor desirable." Instead, he looked to international agreements such as those formed in the 1992 Earth Summit in Rio de Janeiro as alternatives to environmental protection.

The internationally-known explorer and outspoken environmental advocate Jacques-Yves Cousteau looked to the United Nations to provide a coordinated, international environmental protection effort, as well as to "Give a home to the environment," to react to environmental stresses worldwide. Cousteau, who is also a member of the U.N. High-Level Advisory Board for sustainable development, noted that there has already been some discussion of such a force in UNESCO and among member nation governments.

Fostering development

The practical questions of how to safeguard and promote environmental protection, fostering sustainable development and of how to deal with current environmental problems drew a wide range of comment, not all of it optimistic.

While Strong said he viewed the result of the Rio conference as a basis of a major shift in global environmental awareness, he added that the will to follow up on the conference now is "not promising." While he congratulated the participants of the Rio conference on their success, he questioned their "degree of commitment for future.

Strong also expressed his extreme concerns about "the fad nature" of international agreements. Between the countries of the North and those of the South, the panel agreed that global sustainable development and environmental protection will be impossible without the economic growth of developing countries. Worldwide progress cannot be made while countries such as Mexico and Brazil cannot afford to curb pollution and deforestation that in turn affect the rest of the world. The developed world is not ready to invest in the growth of developing countries, Strong said.

Barrett A. Lake, chairman of Akzo, said that while there has been much debate about what course to take concerning future sustainable development, "no one worries very much about the sustainable present."

Erikhard Busek, vice chancellor and minister of science and technology for Austria, said that what poorer countries need is trade, not aid. For their part, poor countries cannot trade unless the developed countries are willing to remove their debt, he said.

Unfortunately, "inertia keeps propelling us in the same old direction," Strong said. Banks viewed the situation more positively. "The ability is existing to change our ways" for technology to overcome environmental and economic problems, he said. "Of that I have no doubt." Improvements in international, technological know-how from developed to developing countries, he noted.

Nito D. Desai, U.N. undersecretary-general for policy coordination and sustainable development, also foresaw a future of promise. He admired the degree of commitment he sees in young people today, saying that he has not visited a school where environment was not the top issue. "The winds of change are much stronger this year." We must defend nature

Panelists put the issue of man's responsibility for the environment in a historical and philosophical context:

"This is the first generation since the dawn of civilization when human beings are the biggest factor in the environment," Strong said. In essence, we have gained "control of our own destiny.

"We've slowly evolved from a human group that was a victim of nature, to a master of nature," he concluded. "And mankind is living an 'extraordinary' but exceptionally dangerous adventure." We must become relentless defenders of nature.

Loan Plan Could Save $4.3 Billion

Loans, from Page 1:...in the form of a reduction in the interest rates on their loans," according to the Department of Education.

Taxpayers benefit as well. "The direct lending program will save taxpayers $4.3 billion through fiscal year 1998, and $2 billion per year thereafter," Strong noted.

The program will be implemented gradually across the country. Hudson said that direct lending will constitute 5 percent of loan volume across the country in the first year, 10 percent in the second, 20 percent in the third, and 60 percent by the 1997-1998 school year.

Because direct lending is being phased in, the Clinton administration should have ample time to correct any problems that may arise, Kunin said.

Plan offers new repayment option

The plan also opens a new loan repayment option for graduates in debt, by allowing them to pay back loans through Excel accounts. These accounts allow graduates to repay loans at a rate above the interest on their incomes. Lenders will no longer charge a flat rate.

Secretary of Education Richard W. Riley said that this encourages students "to pursue careers in critically needed jobs without fear of being overburdened with debt."

Although skeptics argue that direct lending limits available funds, the Department of Education refutes this claim, saying that "direct loan capital will not be limited by congressional appropriations."

Furthermore, the DOE adds that direct lending is an entitlement program that is remarkably similar to "the guaranteed student loan program," which follows a need-based policy. Colleges already involved in a form of direct lending called the Perkins Loan Program.

You've been in Cambridge for six months and you

You probably would be embarrassed to know we're just around the corner in Iman Square. We've been there since 1939--delecting smart dinners with everything from New York style deli sandwiches and buffalo-sized Buffalo Wings to Baby Back Ribs and Swordfish Dijon. Food and drink from all over the world is served in portions so generous, the possibilities are endless. And learn what great dining is all about.

The largest sperm bank in the United States is looking for donors.

The goal of the Cambridge California Cryobank, Inc. is to provide high quality sperm for artificial insemination. Requirements include good health, between the ages of 19 to 34, and a 9 to 12 month commitment.

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Ultimate Wins Six In First Contest

By Andrew Kirmse

Last weekend the ultimate team, Show and Tell, travelled to Vassar in Poughkeepsie, N.Y. for its first tournament of the season. MIT sent undefeated in six games against nine Northeast schools. In pool play on Saturday, MIT went past Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Vassar College, and Yale University’s B team by allowing only 20 points in forty-five. They had a tougher time against Wesleyan College, who lost spring advanced Nationals, forcing Show and Tell to play intensely throughout both halves to claim the game, 15-8.

Sunday opened with a quick 15-2 victory over Connecticut College, but Yale’s undefeated A team seemed large as the tournament finals approached. Determined to win one of their arch-rivals of last year, Show and Tell jumped to a 4-0 lead without allowing Yale to compose a pass. This defensive onslaught turned out to be the crucial difference in the game, propelling MIT toward a final score of 15-11.

MIT was consistently tough and occasionally sparked, outscoring opponents by total of 84-28. Especially encouraging was the solid play of the rookiers who joined throughout both halves to claim the game, 15-8.

The soccer team next faces Sall Regoina College on Tuesday at Henry Stroebel Stadium.

Women's Soccer Wins Match

By Thomas Kettler

The women's soccer team won its third game of the season on Tuesday, defeating Elms College by a score of 3-2.

Chesley Wright starred in the first half, scoring two goals in two minutes against Brinda Maniappan '94 and Tonya Le '97. This gave her five for the season, the team's best. Elms did not score in all the first half, as the Engineers effective-ly kept the ball on the opponent's side of the field. Elms attempted to tie the game during the second half but fell short. Their first goal, by Linda Kuros, was not made until 15 minutes into the half. Theresa Chisholm '94 of MIT matched it seven minutes later in front of the goalie. With nine minutes left to play, Julie Herennus scored the second final Elms goal, which would leave the game.

UPCOMING HOME EVENTS

Friday, September 17

Baseball, MIT Invitational, 12 p.m.

Saturday, September 18

Varsity Volleyball vs. Elmira College, 9:30 a.m.

Women's Sailing, New England Women's Singlehanded Championships, 9:30 a.m.

Men's Cross Country vs. Nichols College, 10 a.m.

Men's Cross Country vs. WPI and RPI, 1 p.m.

Women's Cross Country, Engineer's Cup at Franklin Park, 1 p.m.

Women's Volleyball vs. Nichols College, 1 p.m.

Women's Varsity Volleyball vs. St. Josephs College, 1 p.m.

Golf vs. Coastal Carolina, 3 p.m.

Football vs. Assumption College, 2 p.m.

Baseball, MIT Invitational, TBD

Sunday, September 19

Baseball, MIT Invitational, TBA

Women's Sailing, New England Women's Singlehanded Championships, 9:30 a.m.

NFL Milks Television Contract; Cowboys Are Not Classy

By Mike Duffy and Andrew Helen

SPORTS COLUMNIST

SAN ANTONIO, TX

While munching on tasty tacos on Sunday, we offer our thoughts on the NFL Milks Television Contract; Cowboys Are Not Classy, though, because baseball post-season is not going to be exciting. The boys of the Big Eight, however, teams play 13 games with each other, and the regular season is that the extra week off after their second game? It's nice to see the NFL milking the schedule had Whitaker a con-

son play does not interfere with

San Diego, who put a distinctive

The NBA will award expansion

A more

MIT TWIB Notes

Javier Nazario '95 leads the men's water polo team into battle this weekend in West Point, N.Y. for a tournament against the Merchant Marine Academy, UMass-

Amherst, AMen, and the dreaded Rams of Fordham. Nazario has 7 goals and innumerable assists in games against BC (an 18-15 win) and Brown (15-10 loss) last weekend. He also pitched in three more goals in a 15-7 drubbing of the Helsinki Institute of Technology on Monday.

15% Beavis and Butthead (should increase when more stu-

NBA coaches rate traditionally as the top 5 on their list for the 1995-1996 season.

Where Are They Now?

Women's Tennis Players, Tracy Austin, Carling Bassett, Veeanne Goolsaing, Billie Jean King, Andrea Jaeger, Wendy Turnbull, and Virginia Wade.县域

Men's soccer defeated Elms College on Tuesday, 3-2.

Women's Soccer Wins Match

The Toronto Blue Jays have had 11 consecutive winning seasons, the most in the majors. Can you name the team with the most, at 2, of 1995 starred in the first

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